STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

January 12, 2006 - 10:12 a.m. Concord, New Hampshire

RE: **DW 05-072**

PENNICHUCK EAST UTILITY, INC.:

Notice of intent to file rate schedules.

PRESENT: Chairman Thomas B. Getz, Presiding

Commissioner Graham J. Morrison Commissioner Clifton C. Below

Diane Bateman, Clerk

APPEARANCES: Reptg. Pennichuck East Utility, Inc.:

Sarah B. Knowlton, Esq.

Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:

F. Anne Ross, Esq., Consumer Advocate

Office of Consumer Advocate

Reptg. PUC Staff:

Marcia A. B. Thunberg, Esq.

Court Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, CCR

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| 19 | | | |
| 20 | | | |
| 21 | | | |
| 22 | | | |
| 23 | | | |
| 24 | | | |

PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Good morning.

We'll open the hearing in docket DW 05-072, regarding

Pennichuck East. On May 20th, Pennichuck East filed

petitions for increases in permanent rates and temporary

rates. And, on June 16th, the Commission issued an order

suspending the tariffs, scheduling a prehearing conference

and a temporary rate hearing. Subsequently, on July 8th,

a secretarial letter was issued setting forth the

procedural schedule for investigation of permanent rates.

On September 9, an order was issued approving a settlement

agreement regarding the temporary rates. And, on

January 6th, a settlement agreement was submitted with

respect to permanent rates.

Can we take appearances please.

MS. KNOWLTON: Good morning, Chairman Getz, Commissioner Morrison, and Commissioner Below, welcome to the Commission.

CMSR. BELOW: Thank you.

MS. KNOWLTON: My name is Sarah

Knowlton, and I'm an attorney with the law firm of McLane,

Graf, Raulerson & Middleton. And, I'm here today on

behalf of Pennichuck East Utility, Inc. And, to my right

is Bonalyn Hartley, who is the Vice President for

| 1 | Administration for Pennichuck, and behind me is Donald |
|----------|---|
| 2 | Ware, who is the Senior Vice President for Operations and |
| 3 | the Chief Engineer for the Company. |
| 4 | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning. |
| 5 | CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning. |
| 6 | CMSR. BELOW: Good morning. |
| 7 | MS. ROSS: Good morning, Commissioners. |
| 8 | Anne Ross, with the Office of Consumer Advocate, and with |
| 9 | me today is Steve Merrill. |
| 10 | CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning. |
| 11 | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning. |
| 12 | CMSR. BELOW: Good morning. |
| 13 | MS. THUNBERG: Good morning, |
| 14 | Commissioners. Marcia Thunberg, on behalf of Staff today. |
| 15 | And, with me today is Mark Naylor, Jim Lenihan, Doug |
| 16 | Brogan, and Jayson LaFlamme. And, it's Staff's intent to |
| 17 | have Jayson LaFlamme and Jim Lenihan testifying today. |
| 18 | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning. |
| 19 | CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning. |
| 20 | 1 |
| | CMSR. BELOW: Good morning. |
| 21 | CMSR. BELOW: Good morning. CHAIRMAN GETZ: I'm assuming we have a |
| 21 22 | |
| | CHAIRMAN GETZ: I'm assuming we have a |

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the Company's witnesses first, and then joining halfway
1
2
      through with Staff's witnesses, so that all four of the
3
      witnesses will remain up there to facilitate Commission
4
      questions.
5
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                         Is there anything then
      before Ms. Knowlton proceeds?
 6
                                       We have agreed to premark
7
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
       a series of exhibits, starting with -- premark for
8
       identification, assuming, you know, that's acceptable to
9
10
       the Commission, starting with Exhibit 5 through
       Exhibit 14. And, I believe that we've provided each of
11
       the Commissioners, the Clerk, and the Stenographer with
12
       copies of the exhibits, the proposed exhibits.
13
14
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                         Do you intend to
15
       describe each of these as we go through or is there a
16
       separate --
17
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                        Yes.
                                              Yes, we do.
                                                            We'll
18
       go through each of the exhibits in detail with the
19
       witnesses.
20
                                         Okay. Then, if you
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
21
       would call your first witness.
22
                         MS. KNOWLTON: Okay. The Company calls
23
       Bonalyn Hartley and Donald Ware.
24
                          (Whereupon Bonalyn J. Hartley and Donald
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| | | 1 |
|----|--------|---|
| 1 | | L. Ware were duly sworn and cautioned by |
| 2 | | the Court Reporter.) |
| 3 | | BONALYN J. HARTLEY, SWORN |
| 4 | | DONALD L. WARE, SWORN |
| 5 | | DIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 6 | BY MS. | KNOWLTON: |
| 7 | Q | Ms. Hartley, please state your full name for the |
| 8 | | record. |
| 9 | A | (Hartley) Bonalyn J. Hartley. |
| 10 | Q | By whom are you employed? |
| 11 | А | (Hartley) Pennichuck Corporation and its |
| 12 | | subsidiaries, Pennichuck Water Works, Pennichuck East |
| 13 | | Utility, and Pittsfield Aqueduct Company. |
| 14 | Q | What is your role in Pennichuck East Utility? |
| 15 | А | (Hartley) I'm Vice President of Administration. |
| 16 | Q | And, what role did you play relative to the other |
| 17 | | Pennichuck utilities that you just mentioned? |
| 18 | A | (Hartley) I serve a I serve a similar role as Vice |
| 19 | | President of Administration. And, under that, under |
| 20 | | my charge is the customer service functions, the IT, |
| 21 | | HR, and regulatory matters. |
| 22 | Q | How long have you been with the Pennichuck companies? |
| 23 | А | (Hartley) Twenty-six years. |
| 24 | Q | Mr. Ware, would us please state your full name for |

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1
            the record.
2
      Α
            (Ware) Donald L. Ware.
3
            By whom are you employed?
      0
4
      Α
            (Ware) I'm also employed by Pennichuck Corporation
5
            and the subsidiaries of Pennichuck Water Works,
6
            Pennichuck East utility, and Pittsfield Aqueduct
7
            Company.
            What is your role at the Pennichuck companies?
8
9
            (Ware) My role is the Senior Vice President in charge
       Α
10
            of Operations, and also as Chief Engineer.
11
            How long have you been employed by Pennichuck?
       0
12
            (Ware) I've been employed by Pennichuck for eleven
       Α
13
            years.
14
            Ms. Hartley, if you would start please by giving some
       0
15
            -- a brief background on Pennichuck East Utility.
16
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes. The Company acquired the Pennichuck
            East Utilities, as we later called them, in 1998,
17
            from actually the Town of Hudson, who, on the same
18
19
            day, acquired them from the former Consumers Water
20
            Works, which was out of Portland, Maine at the time.
21
            And, we acquired these systems, they were numerous
22
            small community water systems, which had been, for
            whatever reason, and I think at that time the Company
23
24
            just took them over had been combined into three
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different rate groups, A, B, and L, which we will discuss further today. So, A, B, and L, and particularly A and B, is made up of many small water systems. And, at that time, the Commission awarded us, obviously, approval and to take over the systems and to manage them as regulated utilities, which we have since 1998. At the time that we acquired the systems, the Company agreed to a ten percent rate reduction, because there was going to be a significant amount of synergies created by combining these systems under Pennichuck. We were proximately located to the systems. There was going to be, obviously, some savings in management costs, So, we recognized that and we said "we'll etcetera. take a ten percent reduction across the board", that was every customer got a ten percent rate reduction at that time, until we see how these systems operate for, what kind of improvements we're going to need. And, at that time, it worked real well for us in terms of return for numerous years. And, then, as we will get into further discussions, because of the capital improvements and increased expenses, we're here today for a rate increase. Mr. Ware, would you identify the communities in which

| 1 | | Pennichuck East Utility serve customers? |
|----|---|---|
| 2 | А | (Ware) Yes. We serve customers in ten different |
| 3 | | communities with Pennichuck East. We serve customers |
| 4 | | in Pelham, Londonderry, Litchfield, Sandown, Atkinson |
| 5 | | Raymond, I don't have the list in front of me, so I |
| 6 | | have to |
| 7 | Q | And is Plaistow the |
| 8 | А | (Ware) Yes. And Plaistow. I think that covers all |
| 9 | | of them. |
| 10 | Q | And, is there a system in Bow? |
| 11 | А | (Ware) Yes, there is now a system in Bow. At the |
| 12 | i | time that we acquired the Pennichuck East facilities, |
| 13 | | there was not one in Bow, but there is one now. |
| 14 | Q | Ms. Hartley, did the Company make a filing with this |
| 15 | | Commission seeking a form of rate relief for |
| 16 | | Pennichuck East Utility? |
| 17 | А | (Hartley) Yes, we did. |
| 18 | Q | Okay. And, I'm going to show you a document that I |
| 19 | | believe you have in front of you, a document that has |
| 20 | | been marked for identification as "Exhibit 5". Do |
| 21 | | you see that document? |
| 22 | А | (Hartley) This would be the original filing? Yes. |
| 23 | Q | Can you briefly summarize what the Company was |
| 24 | | seeking in that filing? |

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1
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes. At the time of this filing, the
2
            Company was seeking a 24.99 percent increase. And,
            it was our intent at that time to apply that increase
3
            equally or to each rate group equally. So, each rate
4
            group would have, at that time, been approved or
5
            sought for a 24.99 percent increase.
 6
7
            And, is that, that increase, that proposed increase,
8
            described in any prefiled direct testimony that you
            submitted as part of that initial filing?
9
10
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
11
            And, is that testimony contained in Exhibit 5?
       0
12
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
13
            And, was that prepared by you or under your
       Q
            direction?
14
15
            (Hartley) Yes.
       Α
16
       0
            And, is it accurate to the best of your knowledge?
17
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
18
            Okay. And, if you would continue then to summarize
       0
19
            the relief that's described in your testimony.
20
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes. We were asking, as I said, for a
21
            24.99 percent increase, which would have resulted in
22
            about $779,000 of additional revenue from the
23
            aggregate of those systems. That would have resulted
24
            in a revenue -- proposed revenue requirement of
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1
            $3,895,000. We went on to discuss in our testimony
2
            the need for the rate relief, which was the result of
3
            capital improvements, significant capital
            improvements, the increase in power costs, the
 4
5
            increase in property taxes, in chemicals, purchased
 6
            water, and other items, which -- and also the fact
 7
            that we had not been in for rate relief for several
8
            years. All of these summarized required us to file
 9
            for this type of increase.
            Mr. Ware, would you please look at what's been marked
10
       Q
            for identification as "Exhibit 5".
11
12
       Α
            (Ware) Yes.
1.3
            Are you familiar with this filing?
14
       Α
            (Ware) Yes, I am.
15
            And, does this filing contain any direct testimony by
16
            you?
            (Ware) Yes, it does.
17
       A
18
            Was that prepared by you or under your direction?
       0
19
       Α
            (Ware) It was prepared by myself.
20
       0
            And, would you summarize your testimony please.
21
       Α
            (Ware) Yes. I address primarily the capital
22
            improvements that needed to be made in my testimony.
23
            Again, for the Commissioners, when we took over the
24
            system, the Pennichuck East Utility systems in 1998,
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| 1 | | there was a total of 27 independent water systems |
|----|---------|---|
| 2 | | serving ten communities, and slightly over 3,600 |
| 3 | | customers. At the time we took over those systems, |
| 4 | | over half of those systems had major customer service |
| 5 | | problems. They either had poor water quality, |
| 6 | | insufficient water quantity, or poor water pressure, |
| 7 | | or a combination of all the above. So, one of our |
| 8 | II : | challenges was to go in and rectify those issues. |
| 9 | | Over the past seven years, from 1998 |
| 10 | | through 2005, the Company spent slightly over seven |
| 11 | | and a half million dollars to correct the problems |
| 12 | | that were out there. And, again, there were numerous |
| 13 | | types of corrections across all the three customer |
| 14 | | classes that were talked about, but the primary |
| 15 | | focus, the most money spent per customer was in the |
| 16 | | Rate Group A. We spent an average of \$2,200 per |
| 17 | | customer in Rate Group A, \$858 in capital |
| 18 | | improvements per customer in Rate Group B, and 1,100 |
| 19 | | slightly over \$1,100, \$1,182 in capital |
| 20 | | improvements in Rate Group L. |
| 21 | Q | And, is that an average from why don't you explain |
| 22 | | how you calculated that number. |
| 23 | А | (Ware) Right. What we did was, because each rate |
| 24 | | group was made up of distinct water systems, we took |

| 1 | | the capital that was invested in the Rate Group A |
|----|---|---|
| 2 | | systems, and then divided that by the total number of |
| 3 | | customers who fell into Rate Group A, and the same |
| 4 | | for Rate Groups B and L. |
| 5 | Q | Would you Mr. Ware, can you provide the Commission |
| 6 | | with some specific examples of, you know, significant |
| 7 | | capital projects that the Company has undertaken in |
| 8 | | the system since it acquired it in 1998? |
| 9 | А | (Ware) Yes. Probably some of the more significant |
| 10 | | ones, we'll cite, for instance, the Green Hills water |
| 11 | | system, which is a water system serving approximately |
| 12 | | 235 manufactured homes in Raymond. When we took the |
| 13 | : | system over, there was a couple of small wells that |
| 14 | | fed this area through a small diameter, poor quality |
| 15 | | plastic, that basically ran everyplace and anyplace, |
| 16 | | through backyards, no valves, so on and so forth. We |
| 17 | | typically had a break in that system, on average, |
| 18 | | about two times a month. And, when we had to shut |
| 19 | | the system down, because of the lack of valves, we |
| 20 | | basically very often had to shut down half or all of |
| 21 | : | the water system, in order to effect a repair, had to |
| 22 | | make many of the repairs had to be done by hand, |
| 23 | | because you couldn't get equipment between the homes |
| 24 | | where the mains were, so it resulted in extended |

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periods of time. Also, at that time, around the 1998-1999 genre, MTBE had started to raise its ugly head, and, of all our systems, this particular system was the only one that had MTBE in excess of the current standard, but it was well in excess of it.

So, at that stage, we had a water quality problem, we had a water quantity problem, and we had a continuity of water service problem.

We worked with the Town of Raymond to attract a CDBG grant for \$750,000, in order to do some work. We also got a SRF loan for \$445,000 towards the work that needed to be done. And, on top of that, had to spend additionally, you know, on the order of about another \$700,000 of the Company's money, in order to clean up the problem, which involved, and rarely do you get into this, but you try to look for solutions not to replace the entire system, but there was no -- no choice in this case. So, the entire system was converted over to ductile iron pipes in the street, new services into all the homes, in every one of these homes, the services came in, and there were problems with the services right where they turned into the home, they put a galvanized elbow below each home to turn the water

2.2

from horizontal to vertical. And, on a regular basis, those galvanized elbows were rotting out and creating leaks underneath the homes.

So, when the system was done, everybody on every street had a brand-new service all the way into their home, properly heat-traced and insulated. We were having frozen mains and frozen -- frozen services and frozen meters, again, during a cold winter, on the order of two to three a week. So, we took care of that problem. And, we, to take care of the water quality problem, we hooked up to the Town of Raymond and we purchase water on a retail basis from the Town of Raymond for resale. So, that was a major, major effort that took place over about a three year time frame.

I guess another significant area was the Town of Litchfield, which has slightly over a thousand customers. When we took it over, it was a system that was growing rapidly. They had tremendous water pressure problems during peak summer usage periods, and even during peak daytime usage periods, in the winter, pressure at the high points would drop significantly, on the order of 50 down to 20 or less pounds per square inch. Also, because of the nature

of the system that had been designed, which is a constant pressure system and no storage, the pumps would run up and down to meet the needs of the customers to match the demands.

That water moving back and forth, and the fact that the underlying supply has a small amount of iron and manganese that coated their mains over the year resulted in constant incidences of colored water to the customers. Constantly going out and attempting to flush the system, but without any gravity storage to flush, we were at the limits of the pumps.

So, what did we do? First of all, we upgraded the pumps, to keep the pressure up, and then we went and located a site to construct a tank and constructed a tank. Since that's been done, colored water complaints have dropped to, you know, from literally, you know, tens per week, to effectively none, other than when we have a fire. Water pressure complaints are nonexistent.

- Q Mr. Ware, can I just interrupt you for a second? You said, "when you have a fire", you mean Pennichuck East has a fire?
- A (Ware) Right. No. When the Town of Litchfield has a

fire and uses the fire hydrants.

Q Okay.

2.3

- A (Ware) We try not to burn down our facilities.
 - Q Okay. I couldn't help but clarify that. I was concerned.
 - A (Ware) So, again, in the area where a significant amount of money was spent, but there were major problems, you know, from a health and public safety perspective, those things were taken care of.

We had numerous, probably the other largest project was the W&E system, which is in Windham, which is a community that I failed to identify when I was talking about the ones that we serve. It's a small system serving 188 homes, again, built by a well developer in the 1960s, horrible water quality, high iron, high manganese, poor water pressure, because the pumping system and the storage that was there was inadequate to get through peak periods of time. We put in a state-of-the-art treatment system to take care of the iron, the manganese, the hardness, replaced some of the poor quality distribution mains, put in pumps and storage that would adequately match the demand in the system, and took care of the problems that were out there.

| 1 | Q | Ms. Hartley, did these types of capital improvements |
|----|------------|---|
| 2 | | play any driving force in the Company's need to file |
| 3 | | this request for rate relief? |
| 4 | А | (Hartley) Of course it did. Obviously, they are |
| 5 | | significant improvements, at tremendous cost to the |
| 6 | | Company, and needed. I echo Mr. Ware's efforts in |
| 7 | | this area, because I told you earlier I'm responsible |
| 8 | | for customer service, we were just deluged with calls |
| 9 | | from Litchfield about poor water quality issues, and |
| 10 | | in Raymond about frozen services. And, it got to the |
| 11 | | point, you know, we were actually, as management, out |
| 12 | | in people's kitchens looking at laundry. So, I have |
| 13 | | to tell you how happy we were that they have been |
| 14 | | repaired and fixed and we've made those significant |
| 15 | | improvements, because, actually, this past year it |
| 16 | | was quite quiet. And, so, I think, although it's |
| 17 | | taken us some time, and a lot of effort, and a lot of |
| 18 | i | hand-holding with our customers, we're very satisfied |
| 19 | u n | that we've done a good job. And, that's in the |
| 20 | | proof, because we're not getting as many significant |
| 21 | | calls now. |
| 22 | | So, I think I don't think, I know we |
| 23 | | have achieved our goals in those community systems. |
| 24 | | There's always more work to be done, but the critical |

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1
            areas have been addressed. And, I believe the
2
            customers have been well served.
3
            Ms. Hartley, as part of the filing that the Company
       0
            has made in this case, did the Company conduct any
 4
 5
            kind of analysis or have conducted any kind of
 6
            analysis related to depreciation?
 7
            (Hartley) Yes, we did.
       Α
 8
            What did you do?
       0
 9
       Α
            (Hartley) We used an expert witness to provide a
10
            study for the depreciation rates that should be
11
            allocable to the various plant in the Pennichuck East
            systems. That company is known as "AUS", and we
12
13
            utilized a Mr. Earl Robinson.
14
            And, you should have in front of you a document
       0
15
            that's been marked for identification as "Exhibit 6".
16
            Do you have that there?
17
            (Hartley) Yes, I do.
       Α
18
            And, would you identify that document please?
19
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes. This is the document that was
20
            provided to the Commission I believe in the July time
21
            frame, 2005.
22
            Actually, if you would look at the exhibit, look at
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            Exhibit 6, and what date does --
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       Α
            (Hartley) Oh, September. Sorry.
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      0
           Okay. And, was there a document that was filed in
2
            July --
3
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
4
      0
            -- related to depreciation?
5
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes. There was an original document
 6
            provided. And, as a result of some findings by both
7
            Staff and the Company, we updated that document for
8
            certain items that needed to be reclassified in
            different plant accounts. And, the September 15th
 9
            document you have in front of you is the result of
10
11
            that.
            Okay. And, how was it that the Staff of the
12
      0
            Commission made findings? What was the process that
13
            resulted in those findings that caused you to update
14
15
            the depreciation study?
16
            (Hartley) We provided the study to the Staff in July,
       Α
17
            and the Staff has a in-house expertise, Mr. Jim
18
            Cunningham reviewed the Company's study, along with
19
            Staff, and provided some feedback to us through data
20
            requests. And, at that time, we agreed with, and
21
            through our audit, the PUC audit, there were certain
            findings, not real significant in some nature, and
22
            others more significant, just basically
23
24
            classifications in small matters, and which resulted
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| 1 | in updating the study. |
|----|---|
| 2 | Q And, as a result of that audit, did the Company agree |
| 3 | to make certain adjustments? |
| 4 | A (Hartley) Yes. |
| 5 | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Just a second, |
| 6 | Ms. Knowlton, just I want to make sure for, technically, |
| 7 | for getting this evidence in the record. You're going to |
| 8 | describe and introduce all of Exhibits 5 through 14 in |
| 9 | your direct? |
| 10 | MS. KNOWLTON: Between Staff and the |
| 11 | the Staff's witnesses and the Company's witnesses, yes. |
| 12 | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. And, the Clerk |
| 13 | has all the documents and all the descriptions of the |
| 14 | documents? |
| 15 | MS. BATEMAN: Yes. |
| 16 | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Then, we'll just |
| 17 | note for the record that we'll mark for identification |
| 18 | "Exhibits 5" through "14" as will be described in direct. |
| 19 | (The documents, as to be described, were |
| 20 | herewith marked as Exhibits 5 through |
| 21 | 14, respectively, for identification.) |
| 22 | MS. KNOWLTON: Thank you. |
| 23 | BY MS. KNOWLTON: |
| 24 | Q Ms. Hartley, at some point, did the Company seek |

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1
           temporary rate relief in this case?
            (Hartley) Yes, we did. At the time of the permanent
2
      Α
3
           filing, we had -- we had asked for temporary rate
4
           relief as part of that.
5
           Was that granted?
      0
6
      Д
           (Hartley) Yes, it was.
7
      0
           At what rate?
8
      Α
           (Hartley) Nine percent.
            A 9 percent increase over the Company's current
9
      0
10
            rates?
11
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes. And, it became -- I believe temporary
12
            rates were awarded in September, but the effective
            date was June 16th of 2005.
13
14
            Okay. And, after the temporary rate hearing, an
       Q
15
            order approving temporary rates, did the Company
16
            participate in discovery with the Staff?
            (Hartley) Yes.
17
       Α
            And the Office of Consumer Advocate?
18
19
            (Hartley) Yes. Both parties.
       Α
20
            And, did the Company also participate in any
21
            settlement discussions with the Staff and Office of
            Consumer Advocate?
22
23
            (Hartley) Yes.
       Α
24
            And, did that, did those discussions result in a
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settlement agreement to which the Company is a party?
1
2
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
           If you would look at the document that's been marked
3
      0
            for identification as "Exhibit 7", is that the
4
            Settlement Agreement to which the Company agreed?
5
6
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
7
            Would you please give a brief overview of that
      0
8
            Settlement Agreement.
9
            (Hartley) Yes. As I stated previously, the Company
       Α
10
            had requested a 24.99 percent increase for permanent
            rates. Staff and the Company and OCA agreed on a
11
            24.26 percent overall increase in revenues based on
12
            the test year net operating income requirement of
1.3
14
            $761,796. This agreed to increase results in a
            revenue requirement of $3,871,953. It was also
15
            agreed, through much discussion with the OCA and
16
            Staff, that at this time it made sense to consolidate
17
18
            the three rate groups.
            Is that the A, B, and the L?
19
20
            (Hartley) Yes. And, there will be further discussion
       Α
            about that. And, I believe the Staff has a witness
21
22
            who has the history on those rate groups, and why
23
            they -- they, as well as the OCA, supported
            consolidation of those rate groups at this time.
24
                                                               So,
```

1 this increase of 24.26 percent will be applied to all 2 the rate groups, but at a consolidated rate. And, 3 also, as part of this Settlement Agreement, the Litchfield customers had embedded in their rates a 5 fire protection charge, which we have also identified now as a separate fixed charge going forward. 6 7 Now, we all realize that a cost of 8 service study would be ideal in this situation, 9 however, there wasn't going to be time to facilitate that. So, the Company has agreed, before the next 10 11 filing of its next case, that we will provide a cost 12 of service study to verify all of the different rates in the different customer classifications. 13 14 That will be before filing the next, the next rate 0 15 case? 16 (Hartley) Yes, it would. Α 17 Okay. And, I think, at that point, Ms. Hartley, I'd 18 like to stop you and --19 Α (Hartley) Sure. 20 -- let counsel for the Staff bring her witnesses Q 21 forward to testify and join you on the panel. 22 (Hartley) Okay. Α 23 MS. THUNBERG: At this time, Staff 24 wishes to add Jayson LaFlamme and Jim Lenihan to the

| • | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|----|--------|---|
| 1 | witne | ess panel. |
| 2 | | (Whereupon Jayson P. LaFlamme and James |
| 3 | l | L. Lenihan were duly sworn and cautioned |
| 4 | | by the Court Reporter and joined the |
| 5 | | witness panel.) |
| 6 | | JAYSON P. LaFLAMME, SWORN |
| 7 | | JAMES L. LENIHAN, SWORN |
| 8 | | DIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 9 | BY MS. | THUNBERG: |
| 10 | Q | For the record, Mr. LaFlamme, if you could please |
| 11 | | state your full name and business address. |
| 12 | А | (LaFlamme) Jayson LaFlamme. I work for the New |
| 13 | | Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, the Gas and |
| 14 | | Water Division. The address is 21 South Fruit |
| 15 | | Street, Suite 10, Concord, New Hampshire. |
| 16 | Q | And, could you please explain your position with the |
| 17 | | Commission. |
| 18 | А | (LaFlamme) I work as an Analyst in the Gas and Water |
| 19 | | Division, mostly reviewing and examining the |
| 20 | | financial aspects of various filings that come before |
| 21 | | the Commission from water and sewer utilities. |
| 22 | Q | And, can you please explain your involvement with |
| 23 | | this docket? |
| 24 | А | (LaFlamme) Yes. My role in this docket was to |

| 1 | | examine the proposed revenue requirement that was |
|----|---|---|
| 2 | | filed for by the Company. |
| 3 | Q | Prior to today, have you ever testified before the |
| 4 | | Commission? |
| 5 | A | (LaFlamme) Yes. |
| 6 | Q | And, has that testimony been within your area of |
| 7 | | expertise that you just described? |
| 8 | А | (LaFlamme) Yes, it has. |
| 9 | Q | Mr. Lenihan, can I please have you state your name |
| 10 | | and address for the record? |
| 11 | А | (Lenihan) My name is James L. Lenihan. I'm a Utility |
| 12 | | Analyst also with the Gas and Water Division under |
| 13 | | the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, at 21 |
| 14 | | South Fruit Street. |
| 15 | Q | And, as an analyst for the Commission, could you |
| 16 | | please just describe what your responsibilities are. |
| 17 | А | (Lenihan) My duties and responsibilities include a |
| 18 | | review of rate petitions that come before the |
| 19 | | Commission, new franchise requests, special |
| 20 | | contracts, basic financial/rate matters that relate |
| 21 | | to petitions for revenue increases from water and gas |
| 22 | | utilities water and sewer utilities. |
| 23 | Q | Thank you. Prior to today, have you testified before |
| 24 | | this Commission, Mr. Lenihan? |

(Lenihan) I have. 1 Α 2 0 And, has that testimony been within your area of expertise that you just described? 3 (Lenihan) It has. Α 5 And, with respect to this docket, could you just 0 summarize what review you performed? 7 (Lenihan) With regard to this particular proceeding, Α 8 I paid close attention to the manner in which the 9 Petitioner was proposing to recover their increase in 10 annual revenues, specifically, the Company initially 11 proposed to increase the rates to the three existing 12 groups by an amount equal to the overall revenue 13 increase. 14 And, I have a question directed to both you, Q 15 Mr. LaFlamme, and Mr. Lenihan. And, this is 16 regarding what's been premarked as "Exhibits 8", "9" 17 and "10". And, Mr. Lenihan, I believe you have your 18 hand on them. And, if I could just have you identify 19 them for the record please. 20 (Lenihan) Exhibit 8 is data requests and responses to Α 21 Pennichuck in reference to this particular 22 proceeding. Exhibit 9 is data requests, this is 23 Staff Set Number 4. And, Exhibit 10 are data 24 requests and responses regarding the fifth set of

1 data requests to the Company. 2 Thank you for identifying those. For Exhibits 8, 9 0 3 and 10, did you review those as part of your review of this docket? 4 (Lenihan) Yes, I have reviewed the -- not only 5 Α 6 reviewed, but participated in asking some of the data 7 requests. 8 And, is that the same for you, Mr. LaFlamme? 0 9 Α (LaFlamme) Yes. 10 And, now, Mr. LaFlamme, do you have what's been 0 11 marked for identification and described as "Exhibit 12 7", the Settlement Agreement, before you? 13 Α (LaFlamme) Yes, I do. 14 And, I'd like to have you turn to Page 2 of that Q 15 Agreement, to the section regarding "Revenue 16 Requirement". And, summarize for the Commission how 17 Staff and OCA and the Company arrived at the revenue 18 requirement recommended. (LaFlamme) Yes. The Company's original filing, back 19 Α 20 in May of 2005, proposed an increase in their revenue 21 requirement of 24.99 percent. In that filing, the 22 Company indicated that they had an ongoing 23 depreciation study, which was referred to earlier in 24 testimony. The results of that depreciation study

1 had not -- had not been completed and was not 2 included in the revenue requirement proposed by the 3 Company in their original filing. Subsequent, as indicated earlier, subsequent to the Company's 4 5 original filing, the depreciation study was 6 submitted, and the results of that depreciation study 7 would have added additional expense in the Company's 8 filing that -- which would have resulted in a 9 proposed revenue increase of 29.61 percent. 10 The Staff and OCA conducted extensive 11 discovery, including the submission of, all told, 12 five sets of data requests. And, then, subsequent to 13 that, the Company, OCA, and Staff entered into 14 negotiations with the Company, and which resulted in 15 an agreement by the parties of a 24.26 overall 16 increase in the Company's revenue requirement. 17 Mr. Lenihan, I'd like to turn to you and ask do you 18 have a copy of Exhibit 7, the Settlement Agreement, 19 before you? 20 Α (Lenihan) I have. 21 Q And, can I have you turn to Page 4 please, the 22 section regarding "Consolidation of Rate Design"? 23 (Lenihan) I have that. Α 24 And, can you please give the Commission a history

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lesson, I guess, of this water system, where it's been with respect to rates and past rate cases? (Lenihan) Yes. The customers currently served by Pennichuck East were previously customers of Consumers Water Company. And, Consumers served not only these customers now that Pennichuck serves, but they served about 4,000 customers in the Town of Hudson. The Town of Hudson municipalized and Consumers no longer provided service to Hudson. So, there was a number of -- there were a number of satellite systems and customers in the outlying areas from the Town of Hudson, purchased by Pennichuck, I believe, in 1998, somewhere around that, that time. So, Consumers was out of the picture. Pennichuck picked up the satellite systems and began providing service.

Now, the rates that are currently in effect for the customers served by Pennichuck go back to a proceeding back in 1989/90, 89-224. And, at that time, I think it was Southern, which preceded Consumers, requested a consolidated rate for all of its Hudson, Litchfield, and all the satellite systems in a particular — when it came in for a particular rate increase. Well, at that time, it was determined

1.1

by Commission order that, rather than move toward a consolidated rate at that time, to gradually move in that direction. And, as a result of that, there was an establishment of three rates, rate groups. They were basically the "A" group, which was referenced in here, the "B", and the "Litchfield" group.

And, as a result of that proceeding and that docket, a determination was made on the basis of a stand-alone rate versus an average rate for everybody that was being provided service by Consumers. That customers in satellite systems would fall into one of basically two groups, the higher and the lower group. Again, the reason for that was to gradually move toward a consolidated rate.

- Q Mr. Lenihan, could I just ask you a clarifying question. With the determination of a Group A and a Group B, I guess, groups of customers, this was not based on a cost of service study, was it?
- A (Lenihan) That's correct. It was based on an analysis of an overall company average versus where the revenue requirement for a particular system would end up, with the increase of about 23 percent at the time, it was just an analysis of where these systems would fall relative to an overall average for

Consumers.

In addition to the two groups, there was another group called the "L Group", which was customers -- which were the customers served in Litchfield. And, the difference between the -- the reason for the separate rate group for Litchfield was that that particular group included fire protection, and that was fire protection that was being provided to that group, and not to the other A or B groups. So, there were three groups, A, B, and L.

Now, when the Company came in for this rate proceeding, they had proposed a revenue increase of approximately 24, almost 25 percent. And, the Company proposed to apply to the three rate groups equally a percentage equal to the overall revenue increase. And, after reviewing the petition, after I had reviewed the petition, I began to question the rationale for maintaining the differential of the three groups. And, the major reason is that, as a result — one of the major reasons for the differential in the rates was there were a number of customers in Hudson that were served at the time these groups were set up. Those customers are no longer there. They're gone out of the picture.

So, what -- it was my recommendation then, on the basis of a significant change in circumstances, that it would be an appropriate time to move toward a consolidated rate; one rate that is for all of the customers being served by Pennichuck. Parties in negotiations agreed to recommend that as part of this stipulation.

A number of things have -- well, a couple of things that I just want to bring to your attention have occurred since the three rate groups were established back in '91. When Pennichuck, and I think Ms. Hartley mentioned this earlier, when Pennichuck took the systems over in '98, all of the rates were reduced by ten percent. And, since '98, there has been -- there have been no adjustments to the rates or the revenues for any of its systems. So, the rates basically have been in effect for the three rate groups for about ten years.

In 1995, prior to Pennichuck taking the system over, there was a rate proceeding that

Consumers, I believe it was Consumers, came in for a 23 percent increase in revenue. This is for the Hudson and all of the systems, satellite systems served. And, in that proceeding, Consumers prepared

a cost of service study. The cost of service study recommended that, at the time, there was a -- there still exists a 30 percent differential in rates between the A and B group, that that cost of service study recommended that the differential be reduced to 15 percent.

Well, upon review and consideration by the Commission, the order in that proceeding established that, for reasons I mentioned earlier, there was 4,000 or so customers in Hudson, that there

there was 4,000 or so customers in Hudson, that there wasn't sufficient justification to move or to lessen the differential of the two rates, that they should maintain the differential the way it is.

Again, 4,000 customers that were the -that was the basis for establishing the differential
are no longer there. And, therefore, that's why the
movement toward a consolidated rate is being
recommended in this proceeding.

- Q Mr. Lenihan, could I ask you a couple of pointed questions with respect to the A group?
- A (Lenihan) Yes.

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Moving toward a consolidated rate, is it true that the rate increase for the A, B, and L group is not the same percentage?

1 Α (Lenihan) That's right. And, is it also true that the A group will receive 2 0 3 the higher percentage of a rate increase, compared to B and L? 4 5 Α (Lenihan) That is correct. 6 Q And, the Staff feels that is justified? And, if so, 7 how? (Lenihan) I would say it's justified. Again, first 8 Α of all, these rates have been in effect for ten 9 10 years. And, it's my understanding that the Rate 11 Group A has been the recipient of quite a bit of 12 capital improvements. And, it wouldn't be 13 unreasonable that that rate group would see a higher 14 increase than the other groups. 15 Can I ask you about small systems and the ability to 16 absorb capital investment and still maintain some reasonableness in the rates? Is there any benefits 17 18 to the small systems -- sorry, is there any benefits 19 to these small systems being in a consolidated group? 20 (Lenihan) Yes. There are benefits to being in one, 21 in one rate group. And, specifically -- And, specifically, there are -- there are requirements now 22 23 by the Department of Environmental Services and EPA require upgrades to a system's facilities. 24

2.0

2.4

number of years, in reviewing these cases, in 89-224, I think there was another case 97-058, and there was opposition by Staff to going to a consolidated rate, because it was considered to be a significant departure from cost-based rates.

And, this witness, as the result of the growth, the economic growth and the proliferation of small water systems, I've come to the conclusion that, although the rates, and it can be argued whether they're cost-based, in that all the revenue required to provide all the services are included in the rates, the identification of a specific rate for a specific satellite system would be an administrative nightmare.

Now, Mr. Ware mentioned earlier, and mentioned in his testimony, I think they serve approximately 27, almost 30 -- customers in 30 systems in about 10 or 11 towns. So, to actually go to a cost-based rate for each and every one of those systems would require quite a bit of resources, not only there, but, you know, on the part of the Commission.

But, if one is to follow a pure cost-based approach to the rates, there would have to

be recognition of and I would call them "catastrophic failures" in a particular system and increases to those rates that would reflect the actual cost of putting in a new well, maybe more than a new well, which could cause the rates to go up considerably. This was a consideration in docket 97-058, in which the Commission referenced that, although there is a differential in the rates, that there is a particular zone in which anything beyond that would just be too much of a burden on the customers.

I think there's a tremendous benefit to the customers, because, in this particular rate group today, you'll see a 40 -- a 44 percent increase.

But, with 6,000 customers sharing the costs and the improvements and the updates -- the upgrades, and all other costs associated with providing water service, they shouldn't be seeing these increases. Again, these rates have been in effect for almost ten years, for over ten years, and that's in large part why we're seeing a recommended increase in the magnitude of 40 -- 30 percent.

So, I think that was a long-winded answer to "is there any benefits?" I think there are tremendous benefits to the customers in the long run

| 1 | | by sharing all of these costs. |
|----|--|---|
| 2 | Q | Mr. Lenihan, with respect to Group A, are you |
| 3 | H. | familiar with the economic I guess I'm looking for |
| 4 | | the income level of customers in Group A? And, if |
| 5 | | you are aware of the income level, how that factored |
| 6 | | into your recommendation to go with a consolidated |
| 7 | | rate? |
| 8 | А | (Lenihan) I am not familiar with the economic income |
| 9 | | level of any of the groups actually. |
| 10 | Q | Are some groups, within the customers in Group A, are |
| 11 | | they low income, to your knowledge? |
| 12 | А | (Lenihan) I think, well, Mr. Ware mentioned the |
| 13 | | improvements to Green Hills, I believe that's in |
| 14 | | Group A, and that is a mobile home park. I suspect |
| 15 | | the income levels there are not as high as those in |
| 16 | | Bedford. So, I would say, yes, there's a |
| 17 | l e | differential, but I'm not familiar with all of the |
| 18 | | it's been a while since I've been to all of the |
| 19 | | systems. |
| 20 | Q | Okay. I'll ask my question of a different panelist |
| 21 | | later. |
| 22 | | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Excuse me, Ms. Thunberg. |
| 23 | Whil | le we're on Exhibit 7, the Settlement Agreement, and in |
| 24 | Pages 5 and 6, Mr. Lenihan, there is the reference, at the | |

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bottom of Page 5, to the current average residential
1
2
      customers, what they're paying. And, then, on Page 6,
3
      there's a reference to what the increases will be to the
      average residential customer rates for A, B, and L. But I
 4
      didn't see a number for what the -- maybe I overlooked it
5
 6
       somewhere, what the consolidated average residential rate
7
       would be pursuant to the Settlement. Do you have that
 8
       number?
 9
                         MS. THUNBERG: It is the Company and
10
       Staff's intent to present that rate impact information
       through Bonnie Hartley, after Mr. Lenihan was giving a
11
12
       background history of the rate, if that would be helpful?
13
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: That's fine.
14
                         MS. THUNBERG: Also, Staff would like to
15
       just ask a question of Mr. LaFlamme, while we're on Page 6
16
       of Exhibit 7.
     BY MS. THUNBERG:
17
18
            Mr. LaFlamme or Mr. Lenihan, does Staff propose any
19
            corrections to some of the numbers on Page 11 -- I'm
20
            sorry, page 6 of 11?
21
       Α
            (Lenihan) Yes. I'd call your attention, if I may, to
22
            Page 6 of the Settlement Agreement. The penultimate
            sentence of the first paragraph reads "$87.05".
23
            should be "$108.12".
24
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And, that's line eight of the first paragraph?
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      0
2
            (Lenihan) Correct. And, the next paragraph, the
3
           fourth line down, where it says "34.6%", that should
           be "38.7%".
4
5
      0
           Thank you. Are these the only corrections to the
 6
            Settlement Agreement that Staff proposes?
7
      Α
            (Lenihan) That is the only correction.
 8
      Q
            Okay. Yes, Mr. Lenihan?
            (Lenihan) I just want to go on a little further, and
 9
      Α
            I'll keep it brief. What is being recommended in the
10
            Settlement Agreement is a consolidated rate. Now, as
11
12
            I said earlier, there was an A rate, B rate, and a
13
            Litchfield rate. What's being recommended is one
14
            rate, but the caveat is the Litchfield customers,
15
            since they don't pay a municipal fire protection
16
            rate, that is embedded in their water rates, there
17
            will be a different rate for Litchfield. And, that
            different rate is a reflection of the cost of the
18
19
            fire service. And, the numbers I corrected on Page 6
20
            reflect the fire -- the increase to that portion of
21
            the Litchfield rates as a result of this --
22
            Litchfield fire rates as a result of this proceeding.
23
            So, it's really a consolidated rate, with an addition
            for the Litchfield customers for the fire protection
24
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1
                      Those percentages are -- the increase
2
            percentages the Chairman was referencing are on the
3
            second paragraph there, in line 3, and further on in
4
            the -- on that page.
5
                         I'll go on. The Stipulation recommends
6
            that a cost of service study be performed by
7
            Pennichuck for its next rate proceeding. And, the
8
            paragraph in the middle of Page 7 represents the
9
            results of the depreciation study filed by the
10
            Company and subsequent discussions by Staff.
11
                         MS. THUNBERG:
                                         I think at this point it
12
       would be appropriate to have the questioning go back to
13
       Ms. Hartley, is that correct, to turn it over?
14
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                         Yes.
15
                         MS. THUNBERG:
                                        Thank you.
16
     BY MS. KNOWLTON:
17
            Ms. Hartley, are you agreeable or is the Company
18
            agreeable to the changes that Mr. Lenihan identified
19
            to the Settlement Agreement?
20
            (Hartley) Yes, we are.
       Α
            I just want to fill out some more information about
21
            the currently existing three rate groups, the A, B,
22
23
            and the L. Would you tell us please how many
24
            customers are in each of those?
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(Hartley) Yes. As of the end of the test year, which
1
      Α
2
           was 12/31/2004, there were 1,530 customers in the L
3
            group, 878 customers in the A group, and 2,066
            customers in the B group, a total of 4,474 customers.
4
5
      Q
           And, all of the customers -- are all of the customers
6
            that are in L in Litchfield?
7
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
8
      0
            And, are there customers in both the A group and the
 9
            B group that reside in the same town or municipality?
10
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
11
            Would you give an example of that?
       Q
12
       Α
            (Hartley) I believe it is Windham that has actually
13
            customers in two different systems that are located
14
            in Windham, at two different rates; one is at the A
15
            rate and one is at the B rate. And, as we grow and
16
            take on more small satellite community systems, that
17
            becomes more and more prevalent as we look out to the
18
            future, so it's more complex, in terms of keeping the
19
            rate separate.
20
            If you would turn your attention to what's been
       Q
21
            marked as "Exhibit 11" for purposes of
22
            identification.
23
            (Hartley) Yes.
       Α
            Is this a document that's familiar to you?
24
       0
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1 Α (Hartley) Yes. 2 Did you prepare it? Q 3 Α (Hartley) Yes, I did. 0 What is it? (Hartley) What it is is a "Notice to Customers", and 5 Α 6 I provided this so that the Commissioners, as well as 7 the Staff, could readily see the impact of the 8 consolidated rate and what they will look like for 9 each of the meter sizes and the classifications of 10 customers, meaning the General-Metered customers, as 11 well as the Fire Protection customers, as well as our 12 Private Hydrant customers, and our Litchfield Private 13 Hydrant charge, which has been discussed by 14 Mr. Lenihan. 15 This particular notice to customers, 16 although this is a draft form, shows you what 17 eventually, if approved by the Commission, will be 18 mailed to each customer upon receiving their first 19 bill. And, we also keep these in house for future 20 customers, all new customers receive a rate sheet 21 upon applying for service or being transferred to a 22 new account. 23 So, I thought this would be helpful to 24 the Commissioners to view very readily what the new

| 1 | | consolidated rate is going to look like, and also |
|----|--------------|---|
| 2 | | what the customers will receive in a presentation |
| 3 | | format. |
| 4 | Q | Would you, just on a hypothetical basis, for, you |
| 5 | <u> </u> | know, an average residential customer, walk through |
| 6 | | this exhibit and explain, you know, which of these, |
| 7 | | you know, go through what charges would apply to that |
| 8 | | customer, because there's a lot of different |
| 9 | | information on here and different rates? |
| 10 | А | (Hartley) Sure. Typically, your residential |
| 11 | | customers have a five-eighths inch meter. Sometimes |
| 12 | | larger, but typically most of them have five-eighths. |
| 13 | | And, so, their monthly what we call "fixed" or |
| 14 | , | "customer charge", whether they use any water at all, |
| 15 | | as long as there's an active service and they have a |
| 16 | | meter and we service them, would now be proposed to |
| 17 | | be \$15.58 per month. |
| 18 | | In addition to the standard customer |
| 19 | | charge, and then the rest of the meter sizes usually |
| 20 | | are for larger customers, both commercial/industrial |
| 21 | | customers who require, obviously, larger flows of |
| 22 | | water coming in, greater flows of water coming into |
| 23 | | their facilities. But, in addition to the standard |
| 24 | | customer charge, the monthly volumetric charge is |

1.5

\$4.75 per hundred cubic feet. And, just for FYI, there's 748 gallons in 100 cubic foot of water. So, the customers still have a way of controlling their water usage, particularly outdoor usage, such as lawn irrigation, by actually limiting some of their volumetric use. But these rates are based on historical usage in the test year of the volumes used for all customers. And, it results in a \$4.75 per hundred cubic foot rate.

I'd also like to take you further down, under the "Monthly Fire Protection Charge", the "Private". These are typically for industrial/commercial accounts, schools, who have fire service connections, and also have the capabilities for fire flows. And, so, those are also a monthly charge. And, for example, on a one and a half inch connection, it would be \$8.34 a month. And, then, moving down, we do have some municipals, such as Pelham and Londonderry, who do pay for fire protection, and for each hydrant it's 90 -- going to be proposed at \$96.46. And, then, as we discussed earlier, we pulled out the portion allocable to our best calculation for the Litchfield Private Hydrant charge of \$9.01 per month. And, each customer in

Litchfield, in addition to the five-eighths inch 1 2 charge of \$15.58 per month, will also be charged \$9.01 a month for their Private Hydrant charge. And, 3 this is all, of course, subject to the approval 4 5 today. Okay. Would you now look at Exhibit 12, proposed 6 Q 7 Exhibit 12. 8 Α (Hartley) Yes. 9 Q Would you identify that exhibit for the Commissioners 10 please. 11 Α (Hartley) Yes. That is, for all permanent filings, 12 we always file with it a "Report of Proposed Rate 13 Changes". But, upon settlement with Staff and the 14 OCA, these get updated for what the proposed rate 15 increase will be. And, in this case, it's the 16 24.26 percent increase. And, also, we updated this 17 particular Report of Proposed Rate Changes to include 18 a separate item, a line item, for the Litchfield 19 Private Hydrant. And, what this shows the Commission 20 is that, on a total, we will get a 24.26 percent 21 increase, resulting in \$755,897 of additional 22 revenues. But it also shows you where the revenues 23 will come from, the various classifications of 24 customers. For example, the first line is

```
1
            "General-Metered", and the average number of
2
            customers is 4,472 customers, this is the present
3
            rates --
4
            Ms. Hartley, can I just stop you there?
      0
5
      Α
            (Hartley) Sure.
 6
       Q
            The "General-Metered", so is that the A -- the
7
            current A, B, and L together, --
 8
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
            -- now it's all collapsed --
 9
       0
            (Hartley) All residential -- All General-Metered
10
       Α
11
            customers collapsed into one rate. And, the
            combination of those three rate groups, excluding now
12
            the Litchfield Private Hydrant, is $2,717,582.
13
14
            applied the 24.26 percent to that, and we are going
15
            to propose to recoup revenues going forward of
16
            $659,227 from that classification of customer.
                                                             Going
17
            down, you have the other classifications of
18
            customers, which really relate to the first sheet I
19
            talked about, you've got your "Private Fire
20
            Protection", you've got your "Private Hydrants",
21
            you've got your "Litchfield Private Hydrants", you've
22
            got your "Fire Protection-Municipal", and then we
23
            pulled out the "Fire Protection-Hydrants". And, the
24
            reason the municipals are separate, we have municipal
```

accounts that are General-Metered, and that's what 1 2 that represents. Looking now at what's been marked as "Exhibit 13" for 3 0 identification. 4 5 Α (Hartley) Yes. 6 Would you identify that please. 0 7 (Hartley) Yes. As Commissioner -- Chairman Getz Α 8 asked, "will we see the annual consolidated bill and how that relates to the current bill?" And, this 9 10 particular short schedule shows you that. 11 Was this prepared by you? 0 12 (Hartley) Yes, it was. And, I had it reviewed by А 13 Staff. The average residential customer annual bill 14 as stated in the Settlement Agreement for the PEU 15 (PEU A?) rate is approximately \$417.80 annually. If 16 we apply the 44.8 percent increase to that, their new 17 annual consolidated bill will be \$604.96. Keep in 18 mind, this includes the customer charge, as well as 19 their volumetric charge used in the test year. 20 Again, people do have control over their volume. The 21 new monthly consolidated bill now results into an 22 estimate of about \$50.41 per month for the A group. 23 And, then, the B group, we had a current bill of 24 about \$543.44. With an 11.3 percent increase, which

results in a \$604 annual consolidated bill, or 1 \$50.41. Keeping in mind that the L group has this 2 extra charge of \$9 per month in it, \$9.01, the 3 current bill is \$514, resulting in a 38.68 percent 4 increase, or \$713.08 annually, and that will result, 5 when you add an additional \$9.01, resulting in \$59.42 6 7 per month. And, this is based on an average usage 8 9 of 8,800 cubic feet of water annually. Because, 10 depending on the water usage, this, obviously, could 11 vary from customer to customer. So, this is an 12 average. 13 MS. THUNBERG: Ms. Hartley, Staff just has a clarifying question, --14 15 WITNESS HARTLEY: 16 MS. THUNBERG: -- going back to Exhibit 11 and 12, if you can. And, I'm going to ask Doug 17 18 Brogan to ask the clarifying question. 19 BY MR. BROGAN: 20 Yes. Back on Exhibit 11, Ms. Hartley, I think you 21 had said, down near the bottom of the page, the 22 "96.46" for private hydrants applied also to, not 23 only to things like schools, but also to, for 24 example, the Town of Pelham. Is it -- I believe that

```
the 96.46 only applies to, you know, schools and
1
2
            private hydrants, but that the Towns of Londonderry
            and Pelham have their own separate municipal?
3
            (Hartley) You're right, Doug. I'm sorry, I misspoke.
4
5
            Yes.
            Just to clarify it.
6
7
            (Hartley) Yes, that is correct.
       Α
8
       0
            Thank you.
9
       Α
            (Hartley) This would be for the private hydrants.
10
            Apologize for that.
11
                         MS. THUNBERG: Thank you.
12
     BY MS. KNOWLTON:
13
       0
            Ms. Hartley, do you believe that the rates that are
14
            set forth, the proposed rates that are set forth in
15
            the Settlement Agreement -- in the Settlement
16
            Agreement are just and reasonable?
17
            (Hartley) I do.
       Α
18
            Why is that?
       0
19
       Α
            (Hartley) Just to review, when we acquired the
20
            system, we gave all these customers a ten percent
21
            rate reduction, every customer. We're now looking at
22
            a 2004 test year, with, obviously, pro forma
23
            adjustments for 2005. And, there have been numerous
24
            increases, not only the capital improvements that
```

1 Mr. Ware has discussed, but we've, particularly in 2 the last two or three years, experienced great 3 increases in power, purchased water, chemical, property taxes, costs that we can't control. And, 4 5 so, therefore, we feel at this time that these rates 6 are just and reasonable. And, in fact, many of the 7 items that I mention are going up as we speak. 8 becoming challenging. So, we really believe that the 9 rates proposed today are just and reasonable. 10 What is your opinion regarding consolidation of the Q 11 three rate classes -- excuse me, rate groups? 12 Α (Hartley) I agree with Mr. Lenihan. We treat them as 13 one company. We don't treat them as individual 14 systems. When our crews go out, we take the most 15 efficient route possible, and we capture, whether 16 they're the A group, B group, or L group, we're out 17 there reading meters from one system to another. 18 treat them on a consolidated basis. I also have to 19 say, I think, for customers, it can be confusing, 20 especially if you live in the same town and your next 21 door neighbor has a different rate than you have. 22 And, I think that this will make -- facilitate our 23 explanations to customers, our staff, even our staff 24 at Pennichuck, when they have been with us a while,

| 1 | | you know, they learn all the different systems, |
|----|---|---|
| 2 | | because there's numerous ones, and more being added |
| 3 | | every day, it makes it easier to discuss billing |
| 4 | | questions with customers, rather than having to think |
| 5 | | what system are they in. And, it's challenging |
| 6 | | enough when you have three different companies, never |
| 7 | | mind within a company to have so many different rate |
| 8 | | groups. So, I believe this is going to facilitate |
| 9 | | customer service, I think it's going to facilitate |
| 10 | | our Accounting Department, our operations, and all |
| 11 | | the way around be a very good thing. |
| 12 | Q | Were the Commission to approve the proposal set forth |
| 13 | | in the Settlement Agreement, would there be a |
| 14 | | difference between permanent rates and the temporary |
| 15 | | rate relief that was awarded to the Company this past |
| 16 | | summer? |
| 17 | А | (Hartley) Yes. The temporary rate went in effect on |
| 18 | | June 16th. And, as part of this settlement, the |
| 19 | | difference between the temporary rate of 9 percent, |
| 20 | | and the permanent rate of 25.26 percent, results in |
| 21 | | 15.26 percent. |
| 22 | Q | Ms. Hartley, I just want to jump in. You said |
| 23 | | "25.26 percent", did you mean "24.26 percent"? |
| 24 | А | (Hartley) Twenty-four. Apologize. "24.26 percent". |

```
So, that difference results in 15.26 percent.
1
2
            is part of the Settlement Agreement, recoupable back
            to June 16th of 2005.
3
            Would you look at what's been marked for
4
 5
            identification as "Exhibit 14".
 6
            (Hartley) Yes.
 7
            Are you familiar with this document?
 8
            (Hartley) Yes, I am.
 9
       0
            Did you prepare this?
            (Hartley) Yes, I did.
10
       Α
            Would you explain what this reflects.
11
       0
12
            (Hartley) Yes. I'll do my best. And, it looks a
13
            little intimidating at first. But it really results
            in what we feel is a fair recoupment by all classes
14
15
            of customers. As part of our settlement discussions
16
            with the OCA and Staff, there was some discussion
17
            regarding "how are we going to recoup the difference
18
            between the permanent rates and the temporary rate in
19
            an equitable way?" Here we're now offering
20
            consolidated rates, we have these different rate
21
            groups, and the Company has billed all these
22
            different rate groups based on a nine percent
23
            increase to each individual rate. So, we all agreed
24
            that, number one, we should offer a consolidated
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recoupment. But I believe it was OCA and Staff that said "well, it would be more fair if that was done by the different classes of customers, because, obviously, some of your commercial accounts would have a larger recoupment and then some of the General-Metered." So, what the Company did was we show you on the first set, if you will, of this schedule, the first -- 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 -- I guess six lines, the different customer class -- customer types. And, we're showing you that, in July, you know, we billed \$284,574 and -- in the "Residential" category of customers. Now, that "Residential" category for July includes the A group, the L group, and the B group. So, I consolidated them for the purpose of this schedule. So, what you're looking at is a consolidated schedule of all the rate groups by the various customer classifications for the purposes of this recoupment.

And, at the bottom of that same schedule, right under where it says "July 2005", you'll see July charges. And, then, what I did is we took a 15.26 percent and applied it to the 284,000, for example, 574 dollars (\$284,574). That would be the difference, the 15.26 percent is the difference

between the permanent rates and the temporary rate, which we already have included in the July, and that came out to \$30,943. You'll notice that it's prorated, because it was for service rendered on June 16th. So, the amounts you see in the "Residential", "Commercial", "Fire Protection" charges for July 2005 are prorated amounts. And, then, we applied the 15.26 percent to that prorated amount.

All right. We follow that through the whole schedule for all of the months that the permanent rate was in effect, until we get to January. And, obviously, we haven't completed January, so we don't know what the effect of the 9 percent temporary rate increase is going to be in actual dollars, so we used 2005 data for the January charges, just for purposes of projecting what the rate recoupment might look like. And, we used the November 2005 for the February charges. And, what we did then is apply the -- that included the 9 percent at that time, those two months. So, then, what we did is we applied the 9 percent to that -- or, the 15.26 percent to that. And, for purposes of only showing you what it might look like when we actually

get an order from the Commission. Obviously, when we get an order from the Commission, we're going to provide this schedule to Staff. They will review it, audit it, and determine if it's appropriate. And, then, we will have a fixed number that we will be billing for the recoupment.

The idea is, you're going to have a total differential amount of dollars between the permanent rate and the temporary rate for each class of customer, and I'll take you right down to the very last corner there, where it says said "Residential \$283,245". Consolidated, that is what we're going to be recouping from that group of -- class of customers, consolidated.

Now, I used the current number of customers. When we filed the case, we have one number, we have a certain number customers. And, now, we have growth in the system, we've acquired some systems, we have new customers. So, I have included the new customers, because it would be impossible for us to differentiate between when these customers came on line or didn't come on line. So, what we do is we take the number of customers we have at that time, and we will update that number also for

```
1
           the Staff and OCA. And, we divide that into the
           total dollars for the "Residential" classification of
2
3
           customers. So, we have 4,583, which we divided into
            $283,245. So, therefore, the recoupment per customer
4
5
           class, in this case the Residential, would be $61.80.
6
                         Now, in the agreement with Staff and
7
            OCA, we said we will recoup that over 12 months.
8
            each month this classification, on a consolidated
9
            basis, will receive an additional surcharge of $5.15,
10
            based on the information we have today, going forward
11
            for 12 months, till we've reached the $61.80.
12
                         Now, that number is not settled.
13
            know that there are some estimates in here, I need to
            review it with Staff, for the last few months.
14
15
            it gives the Commissioners a chance to see what that
16
            impact would be on customers, and as well as the
            Staff and OCA.
17
18
            Ms. Hartley, did the Company incur any rate case
19
            expense as part of this proceeding?
2.0
            (Hartley) Yes, we did.
       Α
21
            Do you have an estimate of what that is?
       0
22
            (Hartley) Yes. But I'd like to go back to one thing
23
            on that same schedule, --
24
            Okay.
       0
```

1 Α (Hartley) -- if I could, Ms. Knowlton. The total 2 recoupment that we're estimating at this time, the rate case -- the difference between permanent and 3 4 temporary rates is approximately \$359,000, again, 5 subject to final numbers. Now, I'm sorry, I just 6 wanted to mention that. 7 Q No. Thank you. I appreciate that clarification. And, my question was, did the Company incur rate case 8 9 expense, I believe you said that it did. 10 Α (Hartley) Yes. 11 Q And, I had asked what the -- if you had an up-to-date 12 figure for that rate case expense? 13 Α (Hartley) Yes. Again, we had, for approximation of this, for the Commissioners, and both the Staff and 14 15 the OCA can understand what the impact of the rate 16 case expenses for this same group of customers might 17 look like, we prepared a schedule with backup 18 receipts and detail for Staff to review. Obviously, 19 the case isn't quite complete. I'm waiting for 20 another invoice from our depreciation expert, AUS, 21 also some final attorney bills, and also the hearing 22 cost today. But I estimate that the total rate case 23 expenses for the case will be approximately \$29,793. 24 Did the Company undertake any efforts to mitigate

rate case expense in this case?

Α

(Hartley) Yes, we did. A couple things. Number one, in accordance with Staff and the OCA, we decided that we would not provide an expert witness for return on equity. They're very costly and this is a very small company. Typically, we reserve that for our larger companies. And, so, we've been able to settle the case without that type of testimony.

Secondly, I negotiated with McLane & Graf if we could maintain reasonable legal fees in this case, because it is a small company and the Company is sensitive to a very small amount of customers burdened with excess rate case expenses. That just doesn't set well with the Company, and it certainly doesn't set well with customers. So, I discussed it with Ms. Knowlton, and she and I agreed that the Company would provide certain work, in which we did a lot of in-house work ourselves. We did everything we could to mitigate the legal costs.

And, Ms. Knowlton was very cooperative, and I think we achieved our results.

Q Has the Company agreed, as part of the settlement, to, in the future, make further, you know, similar efforts to mitigate rate case expense where possible?

(Hartley) We will, and we have always done that. 1 Α 2 And, we do a lot of our own in-house work, even 3 collating things, and we will always continue to do that to the best our abilities. 4 5 Do you have a estimated cost for the depreciation Q 6 study? 7 (Hartley) I do. We estimated at about \$39,600 at Α this time. Again, I'm waiting for a final invoice, 8 but it will be somewhere in that range. 9 10 0 What period of time have the parties agreed to 11 recovery of rate case expense, which would include 12 the expense associated with the depreciation study as well? 13 14 Α (Hartley) The parties agreed, OCA, Staff, and 15 ourselves, to a 12 month recoupment. Again, this 16 will be based on current customers. And, I'm 17 estimating the combination of the legal expenses and 18 the depreciation study will be somewhere in the 19 \$69,500 range, somewhere in there. And, currently, 20 we have about 4,900 customers in that system. 21 will work out to a rate case expense per customer of 22 about \$14.02. And, the rate case amount per month 23 over 12 months, as we will recoup it simultaneously 24 with the rate case recoupment, for the difference

```
1
            between the permanent and temporary rate, will be
2
            over 12 months, will be $1.17.
3
                         MS. KNOWLTON: I have nothing further
4
       for Ms. Hartley.
5
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
 6
            (Hartley) I'd like to just mention one thing.
7
            just for the Commissioners edification, that that
            $1.17, plus the $5.15, we're talking about $6.32 a
8
9
            month in surcharges.
10
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                       Thank you.
     CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
11
            (Hartley) Just so that that was clear.
12
13
                         MS. KNOWLTON: Now I have nothing
14
       further.
15
                         WITNESS HARTLEY: Yes. I didn't -- I
16
       didn't quite finish. Thank you.
17
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Ms. Ross, how much do
18
       you have?
19
                         MS. ROSS: I have no questions for the
20
       witnesses. I think we might appreciate a break before we
21
       wrap this proceeding up to confer with the other parties.
22
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Then, let's take a brief
23
       recess. Well, okay. Let's -- do you have a few?
24
                         CMSR. MORRISON: No.
```

| 1 | | CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. | |
|----|-----------------|--|--|
| 2 | | CMSR. BELOW: Just a few questions. | |
| 3 | BY CMSR. BELOW: | | |
| 4 | Q | Ms. Hartley, you testified that Windham was an | |
| 5 | | example of a community where there are currently | |
| 6 | | customers on both Schedule A and Schedule B. | |
| 7 | А | (Hartley) Correct. | |
| 8 | Q | Would Derry, Hooksett, Londonderry and Raymond be | |
| 9 | | additional examples of communities where you have | |
| 10 | | customers that are both on A and B? | |
| 11 | А | (Hartley) Some. Maybe it would be best if Mr. Ware | |
| 12 | | answered that. | |
| 13 | А | (Ware) In the Town of Raymond, and in Londonderry, | |
| 14 | | and I believe Windham, I believe those are the three | |
| 15 | | communities, out of those that are there, where we | |
| 16 | | have customers in different rate classes. Also, | |
| 17 | | possibly Hooksett, we have two different systems | |
| 18 | | there, and I think one is a A and one is a B. | |
| 19 | Q | And, perhaps Derry, where Maple Hills is in Group A, | |
| 20 | | and East Derry, Farmstead, is in Group B? | |
| 21 | A | (Ware) Yes. | |
| 22 | Q | I was a little confused about the FP-Hydrants, Fire | |
| 23 | | Protection-Hydrants. Are those municipal hydrants? | |
| 24 | | This is on Exhibit 12. Ms. Hartley prepared that, I | |

```
1
            believe.
2
      Α
            (Hartley) Yes, I did. Okay. Those are. Those are
3
            the three, those are the three municipal hydrants
4
            that are part of this case.
5
       0
            And, are they charged at the same rate as for private
6
            hydrants or are those special?
7
            (Hartley) No, they have different rates for each
       Α
            community. But they all receive the 24.26 percent
8
            across-the-board increase.
9
10
            Okay. And, the Litchfield Private Hydrant charge,
       0
11
            are those really private hydrants or are they more
12
            like privately paid for public hydrants?
13
            (Hartley) They're privately paid for public hydrants,
       Α
14
            which the Town of Litchfield refused to pay for
15
            there.
16
            But they're in public rights-of-way, --
       Q
17
            (Hartley) Yes.
       Α
18
            -- along public streets, --
       0
19
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
20
            -- where you have water lines?
       0
21
       Α
            (Hartley) Yes.
22
       Q
            Okay.
23
       Α
            (Hartley) Subject to my -- the engineering expert.
24
       Α
            (Ware) That is correct.
```

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1
            And, is that -- that's not confusing to customers?
      0
2
      Α
            (Hartley) To be honest with you, I don't know if it's
3
            confusing.
4
      0
            Okav.
            (Hartley) They know that they had included in their
5
      Α
            rates back when Mr. Lenihan was referring to those
6
7
            cases, that fire protection was embedded in their
8
                   Now, whether those same customers remember
            rate.
            that and know it today, we may have to, and I think
 9
10
            it's a good point, we'll probably have to send them a
11
            special letter explaining what has happened to their
12
            rate since this consolidation and the new format.
13
                         Going forward, after we do a cost of
14
            service study, it's going to put it in line better.
15
            But, typically, your towns pay your hydrant charges
16
            in the public right-of-way, but Litchfield absolutely
17
            refused.
18
            Okay. And, just a minor question about Exhibit 11.
19
            It says "PEU" at the top, which I presume stands for
            "Pennichuck East Utilities".
20
21
       Α
            (Hartley) Correct.
            When you send this to customers, is there something
22
       Q
23
            that indicates "Pennichuck East Utilities, Inc.",
24
            because, of course, at the bottom, it just says:
```

Α

"Pennichuck Water", or that ties that to the PEU?

(Hartley) Well, this is another customer situation
that we hope, by consolidating rates, one will create
less confusion. A lot of our customers know us as

"Pennichuck Water". They don't know they're in

Pennichuck East Utility. I know this sounds -- It's

not something we publicize a lot and we don't brand
it. We're Pennichuck Water. So, you see at the

bottom, all of our regulated utilities receive bills
that say "Pennichuck Water". It just helps in terms
of them understanding who's servicing them.

However, we need to identify the different rate schedules that these customers are under, for publication, as well as for our own knowledge in house. So, you will see a "PAC Schedule", which is Pittsfield Aqueduct, but then at the bottom it will say "Pennichuck Water". Because, when somebody calls our organization, they don't ask for Pittsfield Aqueduct. They believe they're being serviced by Pennichuck Water. So, to avoid confusion, and I hope I'm answering this correctly, we go by "Pennichuck Water" on all our bills, all our publications, but all the rate schedules identify them, and maybe for clarification we could put

1 "Pennichuck East Utility", but I've got to tell you, 2 I don't think most of the customers know us by that 3 They know Pennichuck. 0 Okay. And, I have one more question for Mr. Lenihan. I believe you testified about your -- the concern or 5 the history that consolidation of different, small 6 7 satellite systems or stand-alone systems and 8 combining them into the single rate may somewhat 9 deviate from the concept of service being -- rates 10 being based on the cost of service. But you 11 expressed the concern that to allocate costs for each 12 small, independent system would perhaps create 13 burdensome and excessive regulatory costs. Was that 14 your -- a concern in terms of balancing what's just 15 and reasonable and the concept of costs being based 16 on --17 Α (Lenihan) Yes. 18 -- rates being based on costs? Q 19 Α (Lenihan) Maybe to clarify, I mean, if one was to go 20 to a pure cost-based rate, each individual system had 21 its own revenue and its own rates, which is not the 22 case here presently, the effective rates are not 23 based on that. As I indicated earlier, the present 24 rates are based on an analysis that was performed

many years ago, which included a lot of customers that are no longer being served. Yes. If one was to place the principle of ratemaking, which is costs, one of the principles, on the highest pedestal, then, yes, individual rates for each individual system would accommodate that approach. But, in order to weigh the benefits and the costs, no pun intended, of individual satellite system rates, one has to take into consideration other matters.

There are other principles involved in the rate-setting process. One is clarity.

Obviously, it has to be sufficient to bring sufficient revenue to the Company, which it satisfies. Ms. Hartley alluded a little earlier to Pennichuck's desire to clear up any confusion of customers, by having one rate for all the -- one consolidated rate for all of the customers. That would accommodate that.

I believe that, with the reasons I stated earlier, we're seeing, "we", the Commission, the Staff, are seeing more and more small systems come in, small systems being served by Pennichuck.

And, at the present time, Pennichuck assigns one of the three rates, actually, one of the two rates, the

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A rate or the B rate, because an analysis of an individual system, an individual system revenue is going to fall closer to the A rate or to the B rate.

Now, by virtue of the fact that it falls closer to the A rate or the B rate, it's just coincidental. The A rate and the B rate are not based on something today, it's cost-based. So, what I'm saying is, that the rates are not based solely on cost, then I think it makes sense, from the standpoint of revenue stability for the Company, as well as understandability on the part of the customers, I think it satisfies fairness to the customers. I don't believe that it produces undue discrimination between the customers or among the customers. And, I think, overall, it, by consolidating the rates, it will have, in the long run, an averaging or lessening impact of future costs that the Company is going to incur to address deficiencies in one particular system or another.

You know, today, in this particular recommendation, there are a group of customers who are going to see a higher increase than others.

Hopefully, in the future, when repairs have to be made, upgrades have to be made, a particular group of

customers won't see a significant impact. That's all I'm saying.

Today, individual systems had their own rates, one would be the highest and one would be the mean, whatever. We don't know what it's going to be, I don't know what it's going to be in the future. Again, environmental requirements are becoming more and more strict all the time. And, there is a definite cost of complying with these environmental requirements. As I say, we see more, the Commission sees more and more smaller systems coming in. And, I think it makes sense at this time to adopt a consolidated rate for all the various small systems that Pennichuck serves.

Could your other witnesses perhaps clarify the intent of Section C of the proposed Settlement Agreement, that "Pennichuck East Utilities should prepare a cost of service study to be completed for submission with its next rate filing". Is the intent not to go back to the cost of service for each satellite system, but is rather the intent to do a cost of service for PEU as a whole or within the few classes, as relative to Pennichuck as a whole system? What's the intent there?

1.1

1.8

A (Hartley) The intent is to make sure that we have, again, the classifications of customers, you have the General-Metered, you have the Private Hydrants, you have the Private Fire Protection, you have the Municipal Fire Protection. And, typically, on a consolidated basis, once we get consolidated rates, they, meaning the experts, will look at the entire system, and those classifications of customers, to determine what portion of that system is properly, on a cost basis, allocated to the various customer classifications.

So, what we were a little concerned about will be taken care of as to where that fire protection should sit right now. Right now, we know we're within industry ratios of what we're allocating to fire protection. But, to refine it more, a cost of service study is needed. And, that's what we're going to do. So, we're not going to go back to the individual rates or the individual rate groups. What we're going to do is now make sure that all classifications of customers are fairly allocable — their costs are fairly allocable for the whole system to the various customer classes. And, if you want to understand more about "fire protection"

1 classification and cost allocations, Don, maybe you 2 could make a comment about how you feel about the industry average. 3 4 Α (Ware) The industry average varies from a low of 5 about nine to ten percent of the total rate requirement being recovered through fire protection 6 7 charges, which come from, as Bonnie mentioned, 8 municipal fire protection and private fire protection, up to a high of around 30 percent. 9 10 Typically, the smaller the community, the smaller the 11 water system, the greater portion that's allocable to 12 fire protection, because the domestic demands are 13 relatively small by comparison to those demands 14 created by fire, both from a distribution main size 15 and the size of the storage facilities. And, then, 16 as you progress up in size of the system, you reach a 17 point where the fire protection demands are less than 18 those associated with the domestic demands. 19 typically distribution sizes are driven by domestic 20 versus fire protection; storage is driven by a combination of both. 21 22 And, so, the purpose of a cost of 23 service study, as Bonnie has indicated, if to 24 determine, you know, how to allocate those fire

| 1 | | protection charges out appropriately, and make sure |
|----|--------|---|
| 2 | | that you're recovering those charges that are |
| 3 | | necessary to provide fire protection, as well as |
| 4 | | looking at, you know, what should be in your fixed |
| 5 | | charge versus your variable rate charge. |
| 6 | Q | And, Staff would agree with that? |
| 7 | А | (Lenihan) I concur with Mr. Ware. As the years go |
| 8 | | on, and if a utility comes in and applies, let's say, |
| 9 | | a percentage increase of revenue to the rates, as |
| 10 | | time goes on, that application of rate increases may |
| 11 | | not track consistently with the costs of fire |
| 12 | | protection, let's say, versus a General-Metered |
| 13 | | service, especially, too, if you add hydrants, you |
| 14 | | can put in more hydrants, and, unless the fire |
| 15 | | protection versus the metered the metered rates |
| 16 | | are examined, the balance could go off. So, I concur |
| 17 | i | with Mr. Ware. |
| 18 | | CMSR. BELOW: Thank you. |
| 19 | | CHAIRMAN GETZ: I just had one follow-up |
| 20 | and | another question. |
| 21 | ВҮ СНА | AIRMAN GETZ: |
| 22 | Q | But, for Mr. Lenihan, I presume what you're saying, |
| 23 | | when you were talking about the cost basis, just goes |
| 24 | | to the issue of rate design. The overall revenue |

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requirement, I take it, you would say fairly reflects
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            the Company's costs, is that correct?
3
            (Lenihan) That's correct.
      Α
            And, what you're --
4
      Q
            (Lenihan) That would be reflected in the rates.
5
      Α
            And, what you're saying with respect to rate design,
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       0
7
            there's no longer any cost justification for the
8
            distinction between A, B, and L?
            (Lenihan) That is correct.
 9
       Α
            And, the other thing, of course, now recognizing that
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       0
            there's different cost bases between systems, I
11
12
            assume I would get that proviso, but I have the
            question, what's the current rate for Pennichuck
13
            Water Works and what's the current rate for
14
            Pittsfield Aqueduct Company?
15
16
            (Hartley) I have $1.74 -- okay.
       Α
17
            Well, we're going to take a guick recess.
       0
            (Hartley) Yes. Subject to just check on a penny,
18
       Α
19
            I'll get that for you.
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                          CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. All right.
                                                             Let's
       take a brief recess.
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22
                          (Recess taken at 11:48 a.m. and hearing
23
                          reconvened at 12:03 p.m.)
24
                          CHAIRMAN GETZ: Anything in the nature
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| 1 | of re | edirect? |
|----|--------|---|
| 2 | | MS. THUNBERG: Yes. Staff had a couple |
| 3 | of qu | uestions please. |
| 4 | li | REDIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 5 | BY MS. | THUNBERG: |
| 6 | Q | Mr. Lenihan, does Staff have a position with respect |
| 7 | | to the reasonableness and justness of the rates that |
| 8 | : | are proposed in this Settlement Agreement? |
| 9 | А | (Lenihan) Staff believes that the rates proposed in |
| 10 | | this Settlement Agreement are just and reasonable and |
| 11 | } | reflect the cost of providing service to the |
| 12 | | customers of Pennichuck. |
| 13 | Q | And, a question to Mr. LaFlamme, regarding the rate |
| 14 | | case expenses. And, has Staff had a opportunity to |
| 15 | | review a estimate of rate case expenses? |
| 16 | A | (LaFlamme) Yes. The Company submitted the amount of |
| 17 | | the rate case expenses that they had compiled as of |
| 18 | | November/December, I believe, along with the |
| 19 | | supporting detail. And, the Company is still |
| 20 | | awaiting a couple of final bills that they will be |
| 21 | | including in their final rate case expense total. |
| 22 | Q | Okay. When PEU supplies that final tally of rate |
| 23 | | case expenses, does Staff believe that it is going to |
| 24 | | necessitate adjusting the 12 month period over which |

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the surcharge is applied?
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      Α
            (LaFlamme) No.
            And, is it Staff's intent to, after reviewing the
 3
            rate case expenses, to file a recommendation with the
 4
            Commission?
 5
 6
            (LaFlamme) Yes.
       Α
 7
                         MS. THUNBERG:
                                        Thank you. That was it.
 8
       Thank you.
 9
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. Anything
10
       further for this panel?
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                         MS. KNOWLTON: I believe that Mr. Ware
12
       has an answer to your question regarding the difference
       between the PWW, PEU rates.
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14
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you.
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                         WITNESS WARE: Yes. Currently, in the
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       regulated utilities, we have three rates, for "PAC",
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       Pittsfield Agueduct Company, "PWW", Pennichuck Water
18
       Works, and "PEU", Pennichuck East Utility. What I've done
19
       here is calculated their rates based on the same
20
       volumetric usage of 8,800 cubic feet, to give you the
21
       breakdown in rates, customer charge and volumetric.
22
       Pittsfield Aqueduct Company has a customer charge of
       $10.27 per month, and a volumetric charge of $3.30 per
23
24
       hundred cubic feet, which translates to a annualized bill
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of \$413.64. That was based on a rate case that was billed 1 on a 2002 test year. Pennichuck Water Works currently has a 3 customer charge of \$11.24 per month, a volumetric charge 4 5 of \$1.76 per hundred cubic feet, resulting in an annualized bill of \$289.76 per year. Those rates being 6 7 based on a 2003 test year. And, lastly, as we have been discussing, 8 the proposed rates for Pennichuck East Utility are \$15.58 9 per month, a customer charge of \$4.75 per hundred cubic 10 feet for the volumetric charge, resulting in a bill of 11 \$604.96 per year, based on a 2004 test year. 12 13 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. MS. ROSS: I would like to ask one final 14 15 question of either Company witness on the panel. 16 CROSS-EXAMINATION 17 BY MS. ROSS: 18 If you received a telephone call from a fixed income elderly person on the water system for this company, 19 20 for Pennichuck East, asking why their rate had increased, let's say, in the 30 percent range, how 21 would you respond? 22 (Hartley) Well, firstly, interestingly enough, the 23 Α elderly people who are on a fixed rate usually have 24

very low consumption. So, their increase, although it will be much more, probably won't be as significant as those who do lawn irrigation and other things. And, that kind of helps them, and they can control that.

But, secondly, we would explain to them the improvements in the system, and the fact that we've had increased costs since 1998, and that there's been significant expense costs, in terms of power, and, depending on the system, it could be purchased water. So, it would be power, purchased, property taxes, chemicals, and other uncontrollable expenses on the part of the Company, as well as increases in labor.

And, also, we would explain that, at the time we took over their system in 1998, we gave every customer a ten percent rate reduction. So, in essence, whatever the increase may be today to them, they have enjoyed the benefit of that rate reduction, due to the synergies we had created at that time and our hard work to mitigate a rate increase for a great length of time. And that, in essence, the increase to them really, from where they were in 1998, is really only 20 percent. And, I think that helps to

-- certainly, nobody wants a 30 percent increase, nobody wants to pay increased charges. But, I think, when you realize that it's been seven, almost seven years since we've had rate relief, certainly six, and you divide that into, say, 20, 20 percent, that's fairly reasonable over that period of time that these customers have benefitted from the acquisition originally in 1998.

So, that's how we will explain it. And, there will be some education for some of the customer service reps that we have, because, as we know, different systems are going to have a different impact to them, and they will have to be educated in that. And, we will be explaining that to each of our customer service reps, specifically like Green Hills and customers like that. And, these folks already know. I mean, we've been out there. Pennichuck trucks have been moving all over those systems for some -- many years now, and I think most of them know they have benefited from improved service.

I find typically, just as an afterthought, what I've noticed in my years, you know, with customers, is they -- people will perceive paying for what they think it's worth. It's one

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thing to increase rates and not have achieved any
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           benefits in the system or improvements. It's another
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            thing, which we have done, and I know Mr. Ware has
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            articulated it, and that was only a couple of
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 5
            instances, we've made significant improvements. And,
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            customers typically are reasonable about paying for
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            increases when they have achieved a benefit.
                         MS. ROSS: Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. There does not
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       appear to be anything else for the panel, so the witnesses
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       are excused.
                     Thank you.
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                         WITNESS HARTLEY: Thank you very much.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Is there any objection
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       to striking identifications and entering the exhibits as
15
       full exhibits?
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                         MS. THUNBERG:
                                       No. None.
17
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                        None.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: They will be entered as
       full exhibits. Is there anything else we need to address,
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       before hearing closings?
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                         (No verbal response)
22
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Then, we'll give
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       the Petitioner the chance to go last. Ms. Ross, do you
24
       have anything?
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MS. ROSS: Yes. Thank you,

Commissioners. The OCA does support this settlement, and does note that we have had calls on other systems, especially systems where there are a lot of small satellite systems, moving into a consolidated rate, so that some customers are seeing a very steep climb in rates. And, that was why I asked the final question of the Company, because I am frankly finding it difficult to justify my office's existence, which is really to try to keep rates low for consumers, with what we're doing in these water cases.

Worked with the filing, through the filing and discovery with Staff, that the costs that the Company has incurred are real costs and necessary costs, and that the cost of running a water system is apparently an increasing cost.

But I do think it is a significant challenge to educate customers about the fact that capital improvements cost more now than they used to, and that there are more water quality issues now than there used to be. And, so, I just -- I raise that as a concern, especially where we have small satellite systems, some of which have probably been underpaying for years, moving into a consolidated larger system and having to pick up, you know, significant costs

1 related to capital improvements.

However, we do support the settlement.

Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Ms. Thunberg.

Staff has

thoroughly reviewed the filing and has conducted extensive discovery, as evidenced by some of the exhibits that we entered in this -- entered in as exhibits. And, Staff is confident that its review is in accordance with established principles in this Commission on what is deemed a just and reasonable rate. And, so, thus we do

MS. THUNBERG: Yes.

recommend the Commission approve the Settlement Agreement as proposed and as modified with the two corrections in the Settlement Agreement. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Ms. Knowlton.

MS. KNOWLTON: On behalf of the Company,
I would first like to thank the Staff and the Office of
Consumer Advocate for their hard work on this case.
Because Pennichuck East Utility has not come in for a rate
case since the systems were acquired in 1998, I know that
there was a significant amount of work that was put in by
the Staff and the OCA to, you know, really delve into the
Company's records and to learn about the systems and, you
know, where the costs are and whether the expenditures are

reasonable. And, I just want to make that public thanks, because I know it was a lot of work, and you saw that probably in the volume of data requests, and everyone really got into this case and learned a lot about it. So, I want to thank everyone for that effort. It was significant.

And, in closing, I'd like to say that the Company feels strongly that the rate request that's reflected in the Settlement Agreement will result in just and reasonable rates for the Company's customers. The Company is sensitive to the impact of that on its customers and take significant efforts to mitigate those costs where possible. As you've heard, there has been extensive testimony about the capital improvements that have been made and the increased operating costs that I think, in many ways, are common to, you know, all utilities. The cost of electricity is expensive and going up, and as well as other types of costs that Ms. Hartley has mentioned.

The Company further believes that now is the time to consolidate rates. It's the time to do it and move forward, and we're pleased that that is part of the Settlement Agreement. And, we're very hopeful that the Commission will approve the Settlement Agreement in its

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entirety. Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: All right. Thank you.
       We'll close the hearing and take the matter under
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       advisement.
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                         (Hearing ended at 12:16 p.m.)
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