



1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24

I N D E X

PAGE NO.

**WITNESS PANEL:** DANIEL J. HURSTAK  
LINDA S. McNAMARA  
LISA S. GLOVER  
CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING  
DANIEL T. NAWAZELSKI

Direct examination by Mr. Taylor 7  
Cross-examination by Mr. Dexter 16  
Interrogatories by Cmsr. Chattopadhyay 60  
Interrogatories by Chairman Goldner 65

\* \* \*

**CLOSING ARGUMENTS BY:**

Mr. Dexter 68  
Mr. Taylor 73

**QUESTIONS BY:**

Chairman Goldner 76

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24

**E X H I B I T S**

<b>EXHIBIT NO.</b>	<b>D E S C R I P T I O N</b>	<b>PAGE NO.</b>
1	Annual Stranded Cost Recovery and External Delivery Charge Reconciliation and Rate Filing, including the Testimonies & Attachments of Linda S. McNamara, Lisa S. Glover, Daniel J. Hurstak, Daniel T. Nawazelski, and Christopher J. Goulding	<i>premarked</i>
2	Response to a reconciliation request made during the technical session on July 15th from N.H. Department of Energy	<i>premarked</i>

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24

**P R O C E E D I N G**

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Good afternoon. I'm Commissioner Goldner. I'm joined today by Commissioner Chattopadhyay.

We're here today for a hearing in Docket 22-038 for Unitil Energy System's Annual Stranded Cost Recovery and External Delivery Charge Reconciliation and Rate Filing.

Let's take appearances, beginning with the Company.

MR. TAYLOR: Good afternoon, Commissioners. Patrick Taylor, on behalf of Unitil Energy Systems, Inc.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. And the New Hampshire Department of Energy.

MR. DEXTER: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman, Commissioner. My name is Paul Dexter. I'm an attorney with the Department of Energy, appearing on behalf of the Department today. I'm joined by co-counsel, Matthew Young, at the end of the table here, and with two persons from the Regulatory Support Division, Liz Nixon and Jay Dudley.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you,

1 Attorney Dexter.

2 And moving to preliminary matters,  
3 Exhibit 1 and 2 have been prefiled and premarked  
4 for identification. Any concerns with the  
5 exhibits?

6 I know that Exhibit 2 came in this  
7 morning. The Commission has no issue, if the  
8 Department and the Company are okay with the  
9 filing?

10 MR. DEXTER: Yes. The Department  
11 supports both exhibits being identified.

12 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay.

13 MR. TAYLOR: And, Commissioners, I did  
14 bring paper copies of the exhibit. I don't know  
15 if you need them. But, if you do want that for  
16 reference, I have them.

17 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. We do  
18 have the electronic copy, but thank you for doing  
19 that.

20 Okay. Any other preliminary matters,  
21 before we have the witnesses sworn in?

22 *[No verbal response.]*

23 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Seeing none.  
24 Mr. Patnaude, would you please swear in the

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 witnesses.

2 (Whereupon **Daniel J. Hurstak,**  
3 **Linda S. McNamara, Lisa S. Glover,**  
4 **Christopher J. Goulding,** and  
5 **Daniel T. Nawazelski** were duly sworn by  
6 the Court Reporter.)

7 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. We'll move to  
8 direct examination, beginning with -- and I'll  
9 recognize Attorney Taylor.

10 MR. TAYLOR: Thank you, Commissioners.  
11 What I'll do is I will walk through the  
12 various members of the panel when I do the  
13 qualification of witnesses. What I would ask is  
14 that I reserve Mr. Nawazelski to go last, and  
15 then what I'd like to do is a brief direct of Mr.  
16 Nawazelski, just to explain Hearing Exhibit 2 and  
17 what is presented there for the Commission's  
18 reference.

19 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Very good.

20 MR. TAYLOR: So, I'll start with Mr.  
21 Hurstak.

22 **DANIEL J. HURSTAK, SWORN**

23 **LINDA S. McNAMARA, SWORN**

24 **LISA S. GLOVER, SWORN**

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24

**CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING, SWORN**

**DANIEL T. NAWAZELSKI, SWORN**

**DIRECT EXAMINATION**

BY MR. TAYLOR:

Q Mr. Hurstak, please state your name, employer, the position that you hold with the Company, and your responsibilities in that position?

A (Hurstak) Dan Hurstak. I'm the Controller for Unitil Energy Systems. And, in that role, I'm responsible for the accounting and financial reporting for the Company.

Q Hearing Exhibit 1 is the Company's initial filing in this case. And included in this exhibit is the prefiled testimony, direct testimony that you sponsored, as well as supporting exhibits. Was your direct testimony and the supporting attachments prepared by you or under your direction?

A (Hurstak) Yes, it was.

Q Do you have any corrections to your direct testimony that you'd like to make on the stand today?

A (Hurstak) I do not.

Q And do you adopt your direct testimony and the

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 supporting exhibits as your sworn testimony  
2 today?

3 A (Hurstak) Yes, I do.

4 Q Moving on to Ms. McNamara. Could you please  
5 state your name, employer, the position that you  
6 hold with the Company, and your responsibilities  
7 in that position?

8 A (McNamara) My name is Linda McNamara. I'm a  
9 Senior Regulatory Analyst for Unitil Service  
10 Corp. I'm primarily responsible for rate and  
11 reconciliation mechanisms, including the External  
12 Delivery Charge and Stranded Cost Charge.

13 Q Hearing Exhibit 1 is the Company's initial  
14 filing, and included in that exhibit is your  
15 prefiled direct testimony that you sponsored, as  
16 well as supporting exhibits. Was that direct  
17 testimony and the attachments prepared by you or  
18 under your direction?

19 A (McNamara) It was.

20 Q Do you have any corrections to your testimony or  
21 the attachments that you'd like to make at this  
22 time?

23 A (McNamara) No.

24 Q And do you adopt your direct testimony and the



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           attachments as your sworn testimony today?

2   A       (McNamara) Yes.

3   Q       Ms. Glover, can you state your name, employer,  
4           the position that you hold with the Company, and  
5           your responsibilities in that position?

6   A       (Glover) My name is Lisa Glover. Excuse me. I'm  
7           a Senior Energy Analyst for Unitil Service Corp.  
8           And among my many responsibilities is supporting  
9           the External Delivery Charge and Stranded Cost  
10          Charge calculations, as well as I do Default  
11          Service, budgeting, long-term procurement,  
12          long-term clean energy procurements, renewable  
13          energy portfolio standard, and many other tasks  
14          as assigned.

15   Q       And, as with the other witnesses, you've  
16          submitted direct testimony and attachments in  
17          this case. Was that testimony and the  
18          attachments prepared by you or under your  
19          direction?

20   A       (Glover) Yes, it was.

21   Q       Do you have any corrections that you'd like to  
22          make to your testimony or the attachments at this  
23          time?

24   A       (Glover) I do not.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Do you adopt your testimony and the attachments  
2 as your sworn testimony today?

3 A (Glover) Yes I do.

4 Q Mr. Goulding, can you state your name, employer,  
5 position that you hold with the Company, and your  
6 responsibilities?

7 A (Goulding) My name is Christopher John Goulding.  
8 I'm the Director of Rates and Revenue  
9 Requirements for Unitil Service Corp. My  
10 responsibilities include the oversight of all  
11 rate and regulatory filings related to the  
12 financial requirements of UES and Unitil Corp.,  
13 and the Corp.'s other subsidiaries.

14 Q And was the direct testimony and the supporting  
15 attachments that you sponsored, and that are  
16 included in Hearing Exhibit 1, prepared by or  
17 under your direction?

18 A (Goulding) Yes, they were.

19 Q Do you have any corrections that you'd like to  
20 make at this time to your testimony or the  
21 attachments?

22 A (Goulding) No, I do not.

23 Q And do you adopt the testimony and attachments as  
24 your sworn testimony today?

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 A (Goulding) I do.

2 Q And, finally, Mr. Nawazelski, can you state your  
3 name, employer, the position that you hold with  
4 the Company, and your responsibilities?

5 A (Nawazelski) My name is Daniel Nawazelski. I am  
6 the Manager of Revenue Requirements for Unitil  
7 Service Corp. In this capacity, I'm responsible  
8 for the preparation and presentation of  
9 distribution rate cases, and in support of other  
10 various filings.

11 Q Is the direct testimony and the supporting  
12 attachments that you sponsored, and that are  
13 included in Exhibit 1, were they sponsored -- or,  
14 I'm sorry, were they prepared by you or under  
15 your direction?

16 A (Nawazelski) Yes, they were.

17 Q Do you have any corrections to the testimony or  
18 the attachments that you'd like to make at this  
19 time?

20 A (Nawazelski) No, I do not.

21 Q And do you adopt the testimony and the  
22 attachments as your sworn testimony in this case?

23 A (Nawazelski) Yes, I do.

24 Q Mr. Nawazelski, earlier today the Company

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 submitted Hearing Exhibit 2, which is a response  
2 to a technical session request issued by the  
3 Department of Energy, Technical Session Request  
4 1-1. And the date of that response is "July  
5 19th", although it was submitted as a hearing  
6 exhibit today. Was that exhibit and its  
7 attachment prepared by you or under your  
8 direction?

9 A (Nawazelski) Yes.

10 Q Do you have a copy of that in front of you right  
11 now?

12 A (Nawazelski) I do.

13 Q But the request is actually broken into two  
14 parts. And, so, I think what I'd like to do is,  
15 for the benefit of the Commission, could you  
16 please explain Subpart (a) of the request, and  
17 the reconciliation you conducted, to the  
18 Commission?

19 A (Nawazelski) Sure. So, the response -- or, the  
20 question was asking the Company to reconcile the  
21 property taxes expensed as shown in the FERC Form  
22 1, Page 262. And, on Lines 1 through 12 of DOE  
23 TS 1-01, Attachment 1, I go through that  
24 reconciliation.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           On Line 2, you can see the property tax  
2 amount of "\$7,697,108", compared to the taxes  
3 expensed as shown on FERC Form 1, Page 262, Line  
4 10, Column (g). The difference between those two  
5 amounts was "\$483,755".

6           Below that, on Lines 5 through 12,  
7 shows the reconciliation of that difference. So,  
8 starting off on Line 6, there was \$27,080 of  
9 abatements. Those abatements are -- relate to  
10 property tax abatements prior to 2020. As a part  
11 of the Company's filing, we've excluded those,  
12 because that is after the implementation date of  
13 the cost recovery allowed by the Company. So,  
14 we've removed that.

15           There is the reclass of our deferred  
16 property taxes. So, that was an entry to move  
17 the property tax recovery -- or, the property tax  
18 expense that was higher than the amount currently  
19 in base distribution rates. So, the property tax  
20 expense was lowered in the Company's General  
21 Ledger and hung up as a regulatory asset.

22           Then, the Line 8 shows a correction for  
23 the Concord property tax bill that was related to  
24 the Company paying an extra \$10 more than it

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           should have. And we expect to reconcile that in  
2           future periods. But, for cost recovery purposes,  
3           the Company has not included that as a part of  
4           its request.

5                         Line 9, the Town of Kingston, the  
6           Company could have made a discounted payment, if  
7           it had paid more promptly, which, in this case,  
8           it was inadvertently missed. But, in my view,  
9           the Company should have taken that discount. So,  
10          I have reflected that discounted payment, so that  
11          ratepayers were not held responsible for that.

12                        There is a "Hampton Late Charge  
13          Correction" on Line 10. This was a late charge  
14          that the Company paid in January of 2021. I have  
15          removed that from the cost recovery filing here.

16                        And, finally, on Line 11, there is the  
17          removal of the Kensington facility building of  
18          "\$17,057". As a part of the Company's last base  
19          rate case, the Company removed this, both the  
20          property tax and the return on and of that  
21          investment, because that property is not used and  
22          useful anymore.

23                        And that fulfills the reconciliation on  
24          Lines 1 through 12. Would you like me to turn to

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Part (b) now?

2 Q Yes. Please.

3 A (Nawazelski) Okay. So, turning to Part (b) of  
4 the response, again, this refers -- this is a  
5 reconciliation of, again, what the Company is  
6 including for property taxes, on Line 14,  
7 compared to the amount of taxes paid by the  
8 Company as presented in FERC Form 1, Page 262, as  
9 shown on Line 15 of this Hearing Exhibit 2.

10 The difference there is "\$274,317", as  
11 shown on Line 16. This reconciliation includes  
12 everything I just spoke of on Lines 1 through 12,  
13 but it also includes an additional item shown on  
14 Line 18, the "Annual Change in Prepaid Balance".  
15 The annual change was an increase of "\$209,438",  
16 and that's primarily due to higher property tax  
17 valuations and an increase year over year.

18 Everything else, on Lines 19 and 24, I  
19 had previously discussed, and that reconciles the  
20 \$274,317 difference.

21 Q Thank you. And having walked through all that, I  
22 assume that you have no corrections that you need  
23 to make to this response, correct?

24 A (Nawazelski) No, I do not.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 MR. TAYLOR: With that, I have no  
2 further questions for the witnesses, and they're  
3 available for cross-examination.

4 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.  
5 We'll move to cross-examination, and Attorney  
6 Dexter.

7 MR. DEXTER: Thank you.

8 I have a lot of questions prepared.  
9 But, since we're talking about Exhibit 2, I just  
10 want to ask a few follow-ups on what I just  
11 heard.

12 **CROSS-EXAMINATION**

13 BY MR. DEXTER:

14 Q So, Mr. Nawazelski, I want to make sure I  
15 understand. So, I have in front of me Exhibit 2,  
16 and I have in front of me Page 209 of Exhibit 1.  
17 Do you have those two schedules?

18 A (Nawazelski) Yes, I do.

19 Q And looking at Page 209 of Exhibit 1, Line 11, I  
20 see a figure of "7,697,108", which is then broken  
21 down between state and local property taxes.  
22 This is the number that forms the basis for the  
23 Company's request in this EDC, correct?

24 A (Nawazelski) That is correct.



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Okay. And what Exhibit 2 does is compare twice,  
2 the request to the first reconciliation is  
3 property tax expense on the Company's books, as  
4 shown in the FERC Form 1, correct?

5 A (Nawazelski) That is correct.

6 Q Okay. And, so, Lines 6 through 12 give five or  
7 six reasons for this difference. And it's  
8 correct, isn't it, that the request on, Line 2,  
9 is higher than the per books amount?

10 A (Nawazelski) That is --

11 Q The request for recovery in this case is higher  
12 than the per books amount?

13 A (Nawazelski) That is correct, the per books  
14 expense amount.

15 Q Right. And it seems -- I mean, it doesn't seem,  
16 it's clear that the largest contributor to that  
17 difference is Line 7, which is a figure of  
18 "474,060", which is shown in parentheses, but,  
19 actually, that's a situation where it's depicting  
20 that the request -- this contributes to the  
21 difference between the request and the per books  
22 amount, correct?

23 A (Nawazelski) That is correct.

24 Q Okay. So, if you could explain in a little bit

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 more detail, I know you gave a one- or  
2 two-sentence explanation of this adjustment, if  
3 you could explain why it's appropriate to make  
4 this adjustment, and how that fits into the  
5 request on Bates 209, that would be helpful?

6 A (Nawazelski) Sure. So, with the passing of House  
7 Bill 700, the Company was allowed recovery of  
8 local property taxes above the amount recovered  
9 in base distribution rates, and any further --  
10 or, sequent steps, step adjustments. So, for --  
11 when recording the amount of expense on the  
12 Company's books, the Company expensed the amount  
13 that is currently recovered via base distribution  
14 rates and subsequent step adjustments, and held  
15 up the amount above that level in a deferred  
16 regulatory asset.

17 Q So, what time period does this \$464,060 relate  
18 to?

19 A (Nawazelski) It would have been related to the  
20 Company's fiscal year 2021 amounts.

21 Q And is the fiscal year different from the  
22 calendar year?

23 A (Nawazelski) No, it is not.

24 Q So, 2021?

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 A (Nawazelski) Correct.

2 Q So, jumping to Page 210, I've got a list here by  
3 town. And, in Column (4), I see the amount for  
4 all the towns added up, of "6,052,220". That's  
5 the same number that appears on the prior page,  
6 on Line 11, and that's what the Company is using  
7 as its basis for its request in this case,  
8 correct?

9 A (Nawazelski) That is correct.

10 Q So, I didn't do this exercise, but if I did, if I  
11 were to go back and check all the bills to the  
12 various towns, would I get to 6,052,220, or not?

13 A (Nawazelski) You would get very close. There are  
14 some items that I went through, as I was going  
15 through Hearing Exhibit 2, for example, the  
16 Concord State Education, the Company was charged  
17 that amount. So, we were charged an additional  
18 \$10.

19 So, the taxes paid would show slightly  
20 higher. But, yes, it would, it would tie out  
21 exactly to the property tax bills, except for a  
22 couple of those stated adjustments, as shown in  
23 Hearing Exhibit 2.

24 Q Okay. And that I understand. In other words,

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           there was a correction on the bill, the bill  
2           wouldn't show it, but, for regulatory purposes,  
3           you want to correct the \$10 and the Kensington  
4           discount that you didn't take of \$2,811. That  
5           all makes perfect sense to me.

6                         But I'm still confused by the 474,060.  
7           So, if it's not on the bills, what exactly --  
8           what's the basis for this adjustment?

9   A       (Nawazelski) So, it is on the bills. So, in the  
10       case, the amount of the property tax bills, if  
11       you were to strictly look at the bills, it's the  
12       "\$7,697,108", as shown on Line 11 of Bates Page  
13       209. So, that is straight from the actual  
14       property tax bills.

15                        When we are stating the Company's  
16       property expense, as shown in the FERC Form 1,  
17       that level of expense is lower by that reclass of  
18       the deferred property taxes. So, we are, in  
19       essence, lowering our property tax expense on the  
20       Company's books, and holding up a regulatory  
21       asset for that amount, and it is not expensed at  
22       that point.

23   Q       And why would you make that adjustment? Why not  
24       just expense the 7,697,108?

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 A (Hurstak) The Company is currently recovering the  
2 7.2 million in base rates, and that matches the  
3 expense. The additional expense the Company is  
4 allowed to recover, but not through base rates,  
5 and that's why it's included in here as a  
6 deferral. That we would match the revenue  
7 received for property tax expense to the property  
8 tax expense amounts, because we are allowed to  
9 recover, on a fully reconciling basis, local  
10 property taxes.

11 Q And the 474,000, is that an accounting adjustment  
12 that's made on the books, because it says  
13 "reclass of deferred property tax expenses"?

14 A (Hurstak) Yes, it is. So, the property tax  
15 bills, when they're processed, will go through  
16 our subsidiary accounting system for the full  
17 amount. That will hit the expense account. We  
18 then calculate the amount that should be  
19 deferred, based on the level of expense included  
20 in base rates, and that is our deferral amount  
21 that we record.

22 Q Okay. And it's your opinion that, under the  
23 mechanism that was set up by the statute, and  
24 then approved last year, that what you've got

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           here, on exhibit -- on Bates 208, is the  
2           appropriate -- or, 209, is the appropriate amount  
3           to recover in this case?

4   A       (Nawazelski) Yes.

5   Q       And all that falls into the category of "nothing  
6           is as simple as it seems" when you set up these  
7           mechanisms.

8                        So, I want to move now to more general  
9           questions. And I'm going to start with stranded  
10          costs. And I just have some very general or  
11          basic questions on this.

12                        Could you indicate where, in the  
13          filing, I would find the rate or the stranded  
14          cost rates that are actually proposed for  
15          recovery in this case?

16   A       (McNamara) The Stranded Cost Charge being  
17          proposed for all classes in this docket is  
18          \$0.00002 per kilowatt-hour. And that amount is  
19          shown in a few places.

20                        In the very first part of the filing,  
21          what has been marked as "Page 8 of 431" shows the  
22          proposed tariff for the Stranded Cost Charge  
23          calculation.

24   Q       Well, I'm looking at Exhibit 1, Bates Page 027,

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 and I don't know if we're looking at the same  
2 page with a different number on it. But what I'm  
3 looking at is called "Calculation of the Stranded  
4 Cost Charge"?

5 A (McNamara) Yes. And the page that you are  
6 referring to here is, essentially, the tariff  
7 page. Appearancewise, the data ends up being the  
8 same.

9 Q Okay. And their effective date of the proposed  
10 rate is "August 1st, 2022", as stated in the  
11 title, correct?

12 A (McNamara) Yes.

13 Q And what time period of costs, of stranded costs  
14 is this proposed rate designed to recover?

15 A (McNamara) The costs that are shown on Line 2 of  
16 that particular page, which is actually a credit  
17 of \$31,000, represents the period August 2022 to  
18 July 2023.

19 Q And, if I wanted to see the details of these  
20 costs, I jump to Bates Page 085, is that where I  
21 would find the details of the \$31,000 credit?

22 A (McNamara) Yes.

23 Q And the figure itself falls in the third block,  
24 it looks like, on Line 7. And there's some

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 elements laid out in Line 4 and Line 5 that total  
2 up to the \$31,532 credit. Could you give a brief  
3 description of those charges and/or credits on  
4 Lines 4 and 5?

5 A (Glover) I could take care of that. Line 4 are  
6 payments that we are making under the HQ Support  
7 Agreements that are still in effect for UPC. So,  
8 those are payments. And then, there are  
9 offsetting credits that we are receiving from  
10 ISO-New England into our account associated with  
11 OATT Schedule 9 tariff.

12 Q Okay. And, if I jump back to Bates Page 016,  
13 there's a little bit of history for the recent  
14 stranded costs shown in the middle of that page,  
15 and I see that, for the first time in it looks  
16 like about four years, the standard -- Stranded  
17 Cost Charge is actually a charge, not a credit.  
18 Could you explain why that is? Why that is?

19 A (McNamara) That is best to be reviewed, if you  
20 could return to Bates Page 038 of 431, which  
21 shows the change from the current Stranded Cost  
22 Charge to the proposed Stranded Cost Charge. And  
23 the change to a charge is the result of the prior  
24 period balance.



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Okay. And I think this is one last question on  
2 stranded costs. If I go back to Page 6 -- sorry,  
3 it's Bates Page 016. I go back to Bates Page  
4 016, I see the figure for the period that we're  
5 discussing in this case, at the far right, it  
6 says "Total dollars included in the stranded  
7 costs for Recovery \$19,060". Could you explain  
8 why I don't see the credit of 31,532 there  
9 instead?

10 A (McNamara) The numbers that are provided in my  
11 testimony, on Bates Page 016, on the line "Total  
12 dollars included for recovery in the Stranded  
13 Cost Charge" represents the total amount, which  
14 is inclusive of estimated interest and the prior  
15 period reconciliation balance. So, the \$31,000  
16 credit is in there, along with the \$49,000  
17 under-collection, and about a thousand dollars of  
18 estimated interest.

19 Q And I see actually that breakdown you provided on  
20 Bates Page 027, where we started this whole  
21 discussion.

22 A (McNamara) That's correct.

23 Q Up at the top. Okay. All right. Thanks very  
24 much.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1                   Okay. So, I'd like to ask a similar  
2 line of questions for the EDC. Could you  
3 indicate where in the filing the EDC rates that  
4 are proposed for approval are shown?

5 A (McNamara) Similar to the Stranded Cost Charge,  
6 the proposed rate is actually shown in a few  
7 places. The proposed tariff is on Page 10 of  
8 431.

9 Q Would that be Bates Page 010?

10 A (McNamara) Yes. There was a similar calculation  
11 provided on Bates Page 031.

12 Q Okay. That's the one I was looking at. So, I'll  
13 stick with that one. And what's the effective  
14 date of this rate, the EDC rate?

15 A (McNamara) The total proposed EDC of \$0.02533 per  
16 kilowatt-hour is proposed for August 1, 2022.

17 Q And that's the same for all the customer classes,  
18 correct?

19 A (McNamara) Correct.

20 Q And what time period of costs are sought to be  
21 recovered in this charge?

22 A (McNamara) August 2022 through July 2023.

23 Q Okay. And I see, on Line 2, that there are  
24 roughly \$36 million of costs total proposed for

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 recovery, correct?

2 A (McNamara) That is correct.

3 Q And where would I find the detail for those  
4 costs?

5 A (McNamara) Bates Page 079.

6 Q So, I do have Bates Page 079. And I remember  
7 this schedule from last year. And this lays out  
8 the various transmission related and  
9 non-transmission related costs. And I do have  
10 some questions about those individual costs  
11 later.

12 But, if I were to direct your attention  
13 to Bates Page 034, there is a footnote on Bates  
14 Page 034 that has about six or seven cost  
15 elements listed as well. Are those also proposed  
16 for recovery in this case?

17 A (McNamara) They are.

18 Q And how do they differ from the costs that are on  
19 Bates Page 079?

20 A (McNamara) These costs are, for the most part,  
21 out of the six, four are related to the Company's  
22 most recent base rate case. The other two, one  
23 being the "Property Tax" and the other being the  
24 "Forecasted Storm Reconciliation Adjustment

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Factor balance", are both items that -- they're  
2 not typical External Delivery Charge cost items.  
3 And I'm not sure if I'm conveying that correctly  
4 to you. But perhaps I could turn to Bates Page  
5 076, which gives a description of the cost line  
6 items that go through -- that are External  
7 Delivery Charge cost line items, per the  
8 Company's tariff. The Company also, from time to  
9 time, will recover other items, like the property  
10 tax or, in this case, we're seeking recovery --  
11 or, in this case, the credit associated with the  
12 Storm Reconciliation Adjustment Factor balance.

13 Q Okay. But, bottom line, there's no -- there's no  
14 difference, in terms of recovery, if a particular  
15 cost shows up on Page 76 through 79 nine, in the  
16 long horizontal tables with the definitions,  
17 versus the footnote on Bates Page 034, 34, is it  
18 just a different way of presenting them?

19 A (McNamara) I would say so.

20 Q And maybe this is what you just said, but are the  
21 costs that are outlined in the definitions on 76,  
22 are those ones that have sort of been around for  
23 a while, and that's why they fell into the  
24 standard schedule, and these other ones sort of

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           came out of the recent rate case?

2   A       (McNamara) It's not just that they have been  
3           around for a while, they are External Delivery  
4           Charge cost line items, as opposed to the line  
5           items that are shown on Footnote 1, they are, as  
6           I mentioned, four of them being from the rate  
7           case, they aren't recurring. They are one-time,  
8           unique, related to this one filing. Property tax  
9           does occur every year. We do have a line or a  
10          sentence in our tariff that we are allowed to  
11          include the reconciliation of that through the  
12          EDC. However, it's not an EDC cost.

13   Q       Okay. All right. Jumping up to Bates Page 031,  
14          the "Calculation of the EDC" begins with a \$4.6  
15          million over-recovery. Could you explain what  
16          makes that up?

17   A       (McNamara) That over-recovery is the result of a  
18          few things. One, and I'll have Ms. Glover maybe  
19          explain some more about that, with the -- I want  
20          to get the name right, the "Eversource" -- right,  
21          the third party transmission costs. Again, I'll  
22          have Ms. Glover discuss that a little bit more.  
23          But it also includes the fact that RGGI rebates  
24          were much higher in the last period, or the

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 current period, August 2022 through -- I'm sorry,  
2 August 2021 through July 2022, than we had  
3 included in the prior filing or forecast.

4 A (Glover) For more clarity on the credit, so, for  
5 Eversource, we received two refunds from them.  
6 They typically do their true-ups in June for the  
7 prior year. So, normally, we would expect to  
8 see either -- we would expect to see a true-up,  
9 which could either be a refund or a payment in  
10 June of each year for the prior year.

11 In this case, Eversource was very much  
12 over-collected. And, so, what they decided to do  
13 is they issued a refund to us in November of  
14 2021, and that was in the amount of \$1.2 million,  
15 which you can see on Bates Page 078, in that  
16 first column, (a).

17 We then were expecting a refund again  
18 in June of 2022, to close out the true-up for  
19 2021. We had estimated that refund to be 3.2  
20 million. The refund actually came in at 3.2 --  
21 it was about \$40,000 off. So, you can see that  
22 that estimate is 2.8 million, but that also  
23 includes some charges. So, the net of the  
24 charges and the refund came out to 2.8 million as

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 an estimate for June. But that is including a  
2 \$3.2 million credit for the true-up.

3 Q So, in short, credits from Eversource on  
4 previously paid transmission charges?

5 A (Glover) That's correct.

6 Q When did the time period occur? In other words,  
7 what time period did the credits relate to?

8 A (Glover) Both credits related to 2021.

9 Q And back on Bates Page 031. So, that sort of  
10 explains the "Transmission" column. Now, I want  
11 to go to the "Non-Transmission" column. And I  
12 see a "negative \$1,827,000" figure there. Could  
13 you explain what makes that up?

14 A (McNamara) Sure. Again, referring to Bates Page  
15 079, which details out all of the costs for the  
16 proposed period of August 2022 to July 2023,  
17 multiple columns, with Column (e) being the total  
18 that is going through transmission, and Column  
19 (t) being the amount going through  
20 non-transmission. And, in Column (t), we'll see  
21 that \$1.8 million credit.

22 Q And you had mentioned "RGGI credits" earlier. I  
23 see that RGGI credits appear in Column (p), and  
24 there seem to be four credits of about \$1.1

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 million. Is that estimate in line with what you  
2 learned, based on the 2021 experience that you  
3 just referenced?

4 A (McNamara) Yes.

5 Q So, is that -- I guess it's a convoluted way of  
6 asking "are these higher than what we've seen in  
7 the past?"

8 A (Glover) Yes.

9 Q Okay. Thanks.

10 *[Court reporter interruption to*  
11 *correctly identify the witness.]*

12 WITNESS GLOVER: I said "yes", sorry.  
13 I'm not as quick on the trigger button over here.

14 BY MR. DEXTER:

15 Q So, Bates Page 031, Line 3, is titled "Estimated  
16 Wholesale and Wheeling Revenues". And there's a  
17 figure there of about 2.5 million. And there's a  
18 reference on the side for support, takes me to  
19 Bates -- to "Page 5 of 7", which is Bates  
20 Page 035. And could you explain, I do see  
21 "Wheeling Revenues" in Column (j), and I see  
22 "wholesale revenue" in Column (i). The wheeling  
23 revenues are very, very small, in comparison to  
24 Column (i). Could you explain first what the



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 "wholesale revenues" are in Column (i)?

2 A (Glover) The "wholesale revenues" in Column (i)  
3 are associated with a group host net metering  
4 customers that we brought on effective June 1st,  
5 2022. And, in that arrangement, the Company will  
6 be receiving both capacity and wholesale energy  
7 payments through ISO-New England.

8 Q Is this a new item? Would I not find this item  
9 in last year's EDC?

10 A (Glover) That's correct. It's a new item  
11 effective June 1st, 2022.

12 Q Okay. So, I understand that there was a change  
13 in the method for calculating working capital on  
14 the various costs that are passed through the EDC  
15 as a result of the last rate case.

16 And I guess my first question on that  
17 topic would go to Mr. Hurstak. And I'd like to  
18 jump to Bates Page 399 of the filing, which is  
19 his testimony. I just need a minute to get  
20 there.

21 So, 399, Bates Page 399, at Line 10,  
22 Line 8 asked the question: "Are the results of  
23 the 2021 Study included in the EDC rates proposed  
24 in this filing?" And the answer is: "Yes, the

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           2021 study results are used to derive the  
2           Transmission and Non-Transmission related cash  
3           working capital amounts included in EDC rates  
4           beginning August 1st, 2022, as described in the  
5           testimony of Ms. McNamara."

6                     And I won't go through the exercise,  
7           but, if I were to jump back to Bates Pages 077,  
8           078, and 079, that's the horizontal sheets where  
9           all the costs are laid out, am I correct that, in  
10          the footnotes, I would see a change indicating  
11          that, up until August 1st, 2021, the old method  
12          was used, and then, after August 1st, 2022, the  
13          working capital method -- the lead/lag method was  
14          used? That's what's shown on 077, 078, and 079,  
15          correct?

16   A       (McNamara) Correct.

17   Q       And, so, my question to the panel is, the  
18          testimony and the schedules are consistent, but,  
19          given that the rate order that set up this change  
20          in working capital calculation was effective  
21          June 1st, 2022, why wasn't the results of the  
22          study applied effective June 2022, as opposed to  
23          August 2022?

24   A       (Hurstak) The Company applied the result of the

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           lead/lag study in the EDC calculation effective  
2           August 1st, consistent with that date that's  
3           included in the Settlement Agreement for the UES  
4           base distribution rate case, I believe it's  
5           Section 11.1, that states "August 1st" as the  
6           effective date.

7                       MR. DEXTER: Yes. I wanted to ask you  
8           about that, and I was going to read that, and I  
9           realized I didn't bring my copy of the  
10          Settlement. But I'm sure one of my colleagues  
11          has it. So, I'm going to ask to pause for just a  
12          second.

13 BY MR. DEXTER:

14 Q       So, Mr. Hurstak, do you have that Settlement with  
15       you?

16 A       (Hurstak) Yes, I do.

17 Q       Can you read the first sentence, or I can read  
18       it, or if the Commission wants to reference it,  
19       whatever you like? Why don't I read it, and I  
20       will let you know that I'm reading from the  
21       Settlement in rate case 21-130 [21-030?], and it  
22       is Section 11.1. And I am not recalling the  
23       exhibit number that this Settlement is, but I  
24       think it's Exhibit 17 [Exhibit 12?], or something

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           like that, but it's easily findable in the  
2           Virtual File Room.

3                         So, this is "Section 11.  
4           Miscellaneous", "Section 11.1 Working capital,  
5           External Delivery Charges." It says: "The  
6           Settling Parties agree that Unitil shall  
7           calculate its working capital requirement for  
8           costs included in the External Delivery Charge  
9           (effective August 1, 2022) using a detailed  
10          lead-lag study in Unitil's Annual Stranded Cost  
11          and EDC rate filings, which the Company shall  
12          update based on prior year lead-/lag results in  
13          each annual filing, and until changed by order of  
14          the Commission."

15                        So, I read that clause, and I see the  
16          date that you mention, "August 1st, 2022", and I  
17          interpret that as referring to the effective date  
18          of the External Delivery Charge, EDC, which is  
19          what we're talking about here today.

20                        I gather from your prior answer that  
21          you read that as the effective date by which the  
22          results would be applied. Do I understand that  
23          correct?

24          A           (Hurstak) Yes.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Okay. And the results that you calculated, what  
2 was the underlying period of study for the  
3 lead/lag study?

4 A (Hurstak) The data used in both the transmission  
5 and non-transmission lead/lag studies was from  
6 January 1st of 2021 through December 31st, 2021.

7 Q So, calendar year 2021?

8 A (Hurstak) Yes.

9 Q So, there would be no -- there's no updating  
10 effect by delaying the implementation from  
11 June 1st to August 1st? In other words, there's  
12 no new information that came to light in that  
13 time period, correct?

14 A (Hurstak) The net lead days or net lag days would  
15 remain unchanged.

16 Q Right. So, no change?

17 A (Hurstak) Correct.

18 Q Right. Okay. And what was the effective date of  
19 the rates that were approved in the rate case,  
20 21-130 [21-030?]?

21 A (Hurstak) June 1st, 2022.

22 Q 2022. So, a question or two about the details of  
23 the study. And I would like to go to Bates Page  
24 403, which is in your testimony, and it's a

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 discussion of a revenue float of "1.65 days".  
2 Let me get to that page. Page 403, it's the  
3 middle of the page, there's a question that says  
4 "Please describe the final component of the  
5 revenue lag, revenue float."

6 Could you explain what the "revenue  
7 float" is and how it fits into the overall  
8 lead/lag study?

9 A (Hurstak) Sure. The "revenue float" is the  
10 difference between the time that the customer  
11 funds are received by the bank, until they're  
12 available to the Company.

13 Q And, in a bigger picture, what we're trying to  
14 capture here, in a revenue lag, is the difference  
15 in time between the Company -- when the Company  
16 provides service to a customer and when it has  
17 access to the payments from that customer,  
18 correct?

19 A (Hurstak) Correct.

20 Q Okay. And this is the last piece of that, of  
21 that calculation, right?

22 A (Hurstak) Yes.

23 Q And, so, it's a situation again, I think you just  
24 said this, it's a situation where a customer has

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           made a payment, but the Company doesn't have  
2           access to the funds for, on average, 1.65 days?

3   A       (Hurstak) That's correct.

4   Q       Okay. Now, what happens during that 1.65 days?  
5           Why doesn't the Company get access to the money  
6           as soon as it's "paid", I guess is the word, or  
7           "deposited", whatever the right word is?

8   A       (Hurstak) I don't know, necessarily, the  
9           specifics. It would depend, I assume, on our  
10          bank and the customer's bank, and the clearing of  
11          payments between financial institutions, that  
12          would allow for a delay between when the funds  
13          may have been paid by the customer, went through  
14          whatever means the customer chooses, and when  
15          those funds are available to the Company.

16   Q       It's not a -- it's not a mailing time or anything  
17          like that. We're talking about a bank  
18          transaction time period, correct?

19   A       (Hurstak) Yes.

20   Q       And does this period, does this delay or lag of  
21          1.65 days, does this apply to paper checks or --  
22          does it apply to paper checks?

23   A       (Hurstak) I think it would apply to all types of  
24          customer payments.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Including like a phone payment for a direct debit  
2 or a credit card payment or anything like that?

3 A (Hurstak) Yes.

4 Q And they would all be different, wouldn't they?

5 A (Hurstak) Yes, they would.

6 Q Did you study those elements individually or how  
7 did you come up with the 1.65 percent?

8 A (Hurstak) We looked at daily reports from the  
9 bank. So, we did not look at individual  
10 transaction types. We would have looked at the  
11 payments in total.

12 Q And what would the daily report show you?

13 A (Hurstak) The daily reports would show opening  
14 balance/closing balance, the amount of bank  
15 debits or the amount of bank credits to the  
16 account on that date, one-day float or two-day  
17 float, and other sort of similar information.

18 Q Okay. And having read through this on the  
19 revenue side, and looked at the revenue float, a  
20 question came into my mind as to whether or not  
21 there would be a similar phenomenon on the other  
22 side of the lead/lag study, which measures the  
23 time period between when the Company receives the  
24 service and pays for it? That's sort of the



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 "expense lag" side of the study. I don't see a  
2 similar expense float lag on that side of the  
3 study, is that right?

4 A (Hurstak) That's correct.

5 Q And why is that?

6 A (Hurstak) When the Company looked at the method  
7 of payment used for transmission and  
8 non-transmission costs included in these two  
9 studies, the majority of payments, 99 percent of  
10 the payments are made by wire -- or, 99 percent  
11 of the dollars are paid by wire, therefore, the  
12 wire payments, there is no expense lag. The  
13 money leaves the Company's account on the date  
14 that the wire is made. That date is what's used  
15 in the lead/lag calculation for expense lag or  
16 lead days for both transmission and  
17 non-transmission.

18 Q And let's just take -- and some of those payments  
19 go to Eversource, is that right?

20 A (Hurstak) That's right.

21 Q And, so, you don't really know whether or not  
22 Eversource gets access to that money right away,  
23 correct?

24 A (Hurstak) We do not.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q But you do know for a fact that you no longer  
2 have access to it on the day it's reported on  
3 that report that you mentioned?

4 A (Hurstak) That's correct.

5 Q Okay. And that report is what you used in the  
6 lead/lag study?

7 A (Hurstak) Yes.

8 Q Okay. So, I got another sort of detail question.  
9 I'm going to go to Bates Page 409 of the lead/lag  
10 study. And this is talking about the amount of  
11 time between a meter reading and the recording of  
12 an accounts receivable. And, if I'm not  
13 mistaken, I'm in the "revenue lag" part of the  
14 calculation, correct?

15 A (Hurstak) Correct.

16 Q Okay. And I see that, you know, for the  
17 overwhelming majority of your meters, you know,  
18 it looks like 99 percent plus of the meters  
19 there's a one-day lag between meter reading and  
20 recording of the receivables. And that's just  
21 going on a quick look at the various months that  
22 are presented here. Is that right?

23 A (Hurstak) Yes.

24 Q But, looking at these various months, I notice

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           that almost every month has a period of "8 to  
2           14 days" and "Over 14 days". And I don't see  
3           many entries in the "Over 14 days". But, in many  
4           of the months, I see entries in the "8 to 14  
5           days". So, do I understand that this would be a  
6           situation where a company reads a customer's  
7           meter and doesn't record a receivable for,  
8           basically, a week or two, is that right?

9   A       (Hurstak) Yes. That's right. It would be -- the  
10          receivable would be recorded, I believe, on the  
11          customer's bill.

12   Q       Oh. So, this is a lag between meter read and  
13          billing?

14   A       (Hurstak) Yes.

15   Q       Okay. All right. Do you know what would lead to  
16          a situation where it would take one or even two  
17          weeks to produce a customer's bill?

18   A       (Hurstak) I don't know offhand.

19   Q       Okay. And what's the bottom line of this  
20          calculation on 409? When you go through all the  
21          various months and all the various meters and all  
22          the various days, what's the ultimate "billing  
23          lag", if that's the right term, that you  
24          calculated?

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1                   I think I actually -- I think I've  
2 answered my own question. Is that the  
3 "1.01 days" on Page 408?

4 A (Hurstak) Yes, it is.

5 Q Okay. Okay, I have some other questions to  
6 finish up on property taxes, and then some  
7 questions on vegetation management costs.

8                   So, let's finish up with the property  
9 taxes. So, I'm going back to the case that set  
10 up the mechanism, it was DE 21-069. And there is  
11 a statement in Mr. Goulding's prefiled testimony  
12 in that case that I want to read, and then just  
13 ask how this was implemented, or if this has any  
14 effect on the filing before us.

15                   So, Mr. Goulding said in that  
16 testimony, I think it's on Page 7 of that  
17 testimony: "For 2020, the total local property  
18 tax reconciliation under-recovery was 173,418.  
19 This under-recovery would be charged to the EDC  
20 reconciliation in January 2021 and would be  
21 included as part of the EDC rate change effective  
22 August 1, 2021."

23                   And my question I guess would go to  
24 Mr. Goulding, is I'm confused by the reference to

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 "January 2021" in that case, and I would ask  
2 whether or not January 2022 has any role in this  
3 case that maybe you could point me to?

4 A (Goulding) So, the year would change for this  
5 one, it would be reflected in the EDC, once  
6 approved, for January 1, 2022. In our Schedule  
7 EDC, External Delivery Charge, tariff there is a  
8 provision that says "The over- or under-recovery  
9 associated with the reconciliation shall be  
10 charged or credited through the EDC on January 1  
11 of the following calendar year. The EDC shall  
12 also include a charge" -- I'll stop there,  
13 because that's a different mechanism. So, that's  
14 what that's referring to.

15 Q So, will there be an EDC charge for each January,  
16 as well as August, or no?

17 A (Goulding) No EDC charged. The credit or -- or,  
18 the over- or under-recovery will be included in  
19 the EDC reconciliation balance, which will be  
20 picked up in the subsequent EDC rate change on  
21 August 1st.

22 Q Okay. Can you show me then in -- do we have a  
23 monthly breakdown in this filing that would  
24 demonstrate where that property tax amount would

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           have sort of found its way into the calculation  
2           as of January 1st, 2022?

3   A       (McNamara) If you refer to Bates Page 034, as  
4           part of this includes -- where the "Beginning  
5           balance" includes six line items.

6   Q       Excuse me, Ms. McNamara, I just need a second to  
7           get there.

8   A       (McNamara) Okay.

9                       MR. TAYLOR: Sorry, what's the Bates  
10           number again?

11                      WITNESS McNAMARA: It was Bates 034.

12 BY MR. DEXTER:

13 Q       Okay. I'm there.

14 A       (McNamara) The second line item shows  
15           approximately \$103,000. And I think part of the  
16           confusion might just be the approach to how the  
17           Company presents it in the filing. Many changes  
18           that are presented in the EDC filing are shown  
19           for the period August 1, or over the year  
20           beginning August 1. So, in this case, it is an  
21           August 1 item going into the August 1, 2022  
22           beginning balance.

23                      However, it's done that way so that the  
24           Commission has the opportunity to review the

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           Company's filing before that amount is booked.  
2           If we decided to, we could have booked it back in  
3           January, I guess, and then, you know, we come in  
4           today, you would have seen it hit in January.  
5           And then, if, for some reason, the DOE or OCA or  
6           the Commission said that amount wasn't correct,  
7           the Company would go back to January, and reverse  
8           it and make some change.

9                         So, the approach the Company has taken  
10           on many line items, including, you know, some  
11           line items which have already been agreed to  
12           upon, in like in the rate case, these other four  
13           line items that are represented in that footnote,  
14           is to show them, beginning in August, when the  
15           EDC would be approved, that way the Commission  
16           and parties have an opportunity to review the  
17           numbers, and approve the numbers, before General  
18           Accounting makes the changes.

19   Q       Okay. So, the footnote that you reference is for  
20           August 22nd -- August '22, not January '22, but  
21           the --

22   A       (McNamara) The amount of the "103,973" --

23   Q       Right.

24   A       (McNamara) -- would get booked in August.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Okay.

2 A (McNamara) However, General Accounting would do a  
3 true-up to interest back to January.

4 That has been the approach the Company  
5 has taken with all of these filings, since it's  
6 been included.

7 Q Well, looking at the footnote on Bates Page 034,  
8 I recognize the final four items were things that  
9 we dealt with in the recent rate case, correct?

10 A (McNamara) Correct.

11 Q So, those would not have, like, they weren't in  
12 existence until, I guess, June 1st, 2022, right?

13 A (McNamara) Well, I can't -- I can't agree with  
14 you fully. "In existence"? Yes, they were in  
15 existence. They just weren't allowed to be  
16 recovered through the EDC until June 1.

17 Q Okay.

18 A (McNamara) Yes. And, again, the Company has  
19 included them in August 1, to be coincident with  
20 the effective date of all changes related to the  
21 rate case, to the extent they aren't directly  
22 something that would have an opposite side to it  
23 in base rates, have been proposed for August 1.

24 Q Okay. All right. And, lastly, on -- I think



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           it's the last question on property taxes, I want  
2           to go back to the Bates Page 209.

3                         And, again, we're reconciling here to  
4           the numbers that are supported in this filing, as  
5           compared to the numbers that are included already  
6           in rates. And the numbers that are included  
7           already in rates show up on Line 10, is that  
8           correct?

9   A       (Nawazelski) That is correct.

10   Q       Okay. Now, the Line 10 number, if we were to go  
11       back and look what's behind that 7 and a half  
12       million dollars, I think we did this -- well, you  
13       do it right there up above. You go through the  
14       various rate cases and the various step  
15       adjustments that have happened, and there's now  
16       an amount stated in each of those filings, and  
17       you add them all up, and that's the number,  
18       right?

19   A       (Nawazelski) That's correct.

20   Q       Is it correct that, in reality, that that might  
21       not be what the Company collects, based on  
22       variations in sales, as compared to what was  
23       predicted when these amounts were put into base  
24       rates and step adjustments?

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 A (Nawazelski) Yes. But I would say, just from my  
2 experience in the Company, that it is roughly  
3 one-twelfth per month that the Company is  
4 collecting in that period. But, yes, there would  
5 be sales variations there, based on the rate and  
6 sales in each given month.

7 Q But not even monthly variations. In total, in  
8 other words, if the Company had a very, very high  
9 sales year, they would collect more, and, if they  
10 had a very, very low sales year, they would  
11 collect less revenue, and, therefore, they  
12 wouldn't collect these numbers that we have so  
13 precisely displayed here, right?

14 A (Nawazelski) Yes. I would agree.

15 Q Okay. Does the mechanism that we all worked on  
16 over the last couple of years, does that account  
17 for that at all? In other words, the  
18 reconciliation that we're doing today doesn't  
19 account for that variation that we just  
20 described, is that right?

21 A (Nawazelski) That's correct.

22 Q Okay. So, turning to vegetation management, I'd  
23 like to go to Bates Page 018. There's a question  
24 at the bottom that says "Has the Company included

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 the under- or over-collection from its VMP and  
2 REP this year as part of the EDC?" And the  
3 answer is "No." And it references "DE 21-139",  
4 where the Company proposed that the  
5 "over-collection be rolled over into the 2022  
6 program to fund 2021 cycle trim carryover work."  
7 Could someone tell me what the amount of that  
8 over-collection, it's not included in the EDC, so  
9 could someone tell me what the amount is that's  
10 not included?

11 A (Goulding) Yes. So, in our DE 21-139, there's an  
12 annual report reconciliation for REP/VMP that was  
13 filed. And in there, it shows the amount as  
14 "\$531,278".

15 Q Okay.

16 A (Goulding) And, for the cycle prune carryover  
17 work for 2021, per the Annual Report, it was  
18 "\$532,693". So, about a \$1,500 difference  
19 between the carryover funding and the estimate of  
20 carryover cycle pruning work.

21 Q Okay. I didn't catch the second part of what you  
22 said there, Mr. Goulding, because I was  
23 looking at the bench thinking it was Mr.  
24 Nawazelski speaking.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1                   So, let me ask you the question a  
2                   different way. So, I'm in report that I think  
3                   you mentioned. It was filed with the Commission  
4                   on June 8th, 2022, and it's a letter from  
5                   Attorney Taylor. And there's a chart in the  
6                   middle of that letter, and I see that number that  
7                   you mentioned exactly, "531,278". Am I looking  
8                   in the right place, the June 8th Report?

9   A           (Goulding) That is the June 8th Report. But we  
10               actually made an April 1st Report, consistent  
11               with kind of the filing requirements for this  
12               report.

13   Q           Uh-huh.

14   A           (Goulding) And that report kind of has more of  
15               the details on fiscal year vegetation management  
16               program, lays out the -- and that's where it  
17               talks about the carryover work for 2021.

18                   The reason we made the June 8th, 2022  
19               Revised Report was to account for the rate case  
20               Order and the increased funding in base rate  
21               effective June 1st, 2021.

22   Q           Okay. Thanks. And then, the statement that you  
23               made that I don't think I understood was -- what  
24               was that? You were comparing two numbers that

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           were very close to 531,000.

2   A       (Goulding) Yes. So, in that April 1st Report, I  
3           am not sure if anyone has it in front of them,  
4           but, on Page 4 of the Report, there's a sentence  
5           in there that says: "In the VMP spending, the  
6           cycle pruning work was not completed by year-end  
7           due to contractor workforce issues. \$532,693 of  
8           work in awarded contract was not fully completed  
9           by year-end and is carried over into 2022."

10                        So, I was connecting those two numbers  
11           to say we didn't finish \$532,000 of work in 2021  
12           that we will be finishing in 2022, and we have  
13           carryover funds of almost the exact same dollar  
14           amount.

15   Q       Okay. Can you give an update as to how the cycle  
16           trim work is progressing, now that we're halfway  
17           through 2022?

18   A       (Goulding) Yes. So, based on discussions with  
19           Operations, carryover work has been caught up,  
20           and they're on target to finish up to get the  
21           2023 -- or, 2022 work done also. So, by the end  
22           of the year, we should be all caught up.

23   Q       Could you put the 530 odd thousand in  
24           perspective? In other words, how does that

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 compare to the total cycle trim budget for  
2 Unitil?

3 A (Goulding) Yes. So, based on that -- what was in  
4 that DE 21-139 budget for 2022, the normal cycle  
5 prune work that we have there was \$1,799,973.  
6 And the carryover was the "532,693". So, what's  
7 that? Roughly, 20, 30 percent.

8 Q And no action's been taken on the request in  
9 21-139, correct?

10 MR. TAYLOR: The Company filed its --  
11 filed its annual budget showing planned activity  
12 for 2022, and then made its reports. But there  
13 hasn't been any action in that docket, other than  
14 the Company's filings. That's correct.

15 BY MR. DEXTER:

16 Q And, if the requested action of this carryover  
17 were not taken, is it -- were not adopted or  
18 implemented, is it true that the effect would be  
19 that this roughly half a million dollars would go  
20 back to the EDC in this docket?

21 A (Goulding) If the carryover was not allowed to be  
22 held onto to fund the cycle pruning for 2021  
23 cycle prune carryover work, it would go back  
24 through the EDC. And then, next year, when we do

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 the vegetation management -- veg. REP/SRP  
2 reconciliation process, if we spent to budget,  
3 including the carryover work, we would be  
4 overspent by the \$532,693, which would result in  
5 us asking for \$532,693 as part of next year's  
6 EDC.

7 Q So, the EDC is the mechanism by which you would  
8 balance out veg. management over- and  
9 under-recoveries, is that right?

10 A (Goulding) That is correct.

11 A (McNamara) Unless approved by the Commission  
12 otherwise.

13 Q What's that?

14 A (McNamara) Unless approved by the Commission  
15 otherwise. I believe the Company's tariff allows  
16 for the Company to propose to not include the  
17 over- or under-collection.

18 Q Yes. No, I understand that. And what I was  
19 wondering was whether or not there was another  
20 reconciling clause that covered veg. management,  
21 other than the EDC, but I'm hearing that there  
22 isn't. That this is it? This is where it's  
23 done?

24 A (*Witness McNamara indicating in the affirmative*).

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 A (Goulding) It is done through the EDC. And  
2 there's the tariff language that specifies that  
3 "the EDC shall include the calendar year  
4 over-/under-collection from the Company's  
5 Vegetation Management Program, Storm Resiliency  
6 Program, and Reliability Enhancement Program,  
7 including third party reimbursements. The  
8 over-/under-collection shall be credited or  
9 charged to the EDC on May 1st of the following  
10 year, or, with approval of the Commission, the  
11 Company may credit unspent amounts from  
12 future" -- or, "to future Vegetation Management  
13 Program expenditures."

14 So, that's the language that Ms.  
15 McNamara was referencing.

16 Q Yes. Okay. Thanks. So, you mentioned "third  
17 party reimbursements", and I wanted to ask about  
18 that a bit.

19 And, again, I'm looking at the April --  
20 the June 8th letter that had this very useful  
21 chart in it from DE 21-139. And that referenced,  
22 on Line 9, "FairPoint Reimbursements" for 2021,  
23 in the amount of "930,739", and they're labeled  
24 "actuals". So, I assume that this is money that



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 the Company actually received from FairPoint for  
2 kind of sharing in the veg. management costs?

3 A (Goulding) Yes. That's what we billed and  
4 received from FairPoint.

5 Q Well, that was my next question. So, did they --  
6 did they pay the full amount? Or, is there any  
7 amount that's outstanding, you know, that was  
8 billed, and is perhaps under dispute or something  
9 like that?

10 A (Goulding) I'm not aware of any dollars under  
11 dispute. I haven't checked recently. I know,  
12 during the rate case docket, we had had some  
13 questions on it. And I believe those were -- I  
14 might have been asked about it back in the March  
15 or February timeframe, and FairPoint was all paid  
16 up.

17 Q Okay. Are there any other parties that share in  
18 the Company's veg. management expenses?

19 A (Goulding) I believe there is another company  
20 besides FairPoint. But for some -- I always use  
21 the word "Fair" -- or, always use the description  
22 of "FairPoint", but I believe there is another  
23 one. They tend to change frequently. So, I'm  
24 not positive. I want to say "TDS", but I think

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           they were bought out.

2   Q       Okay.  Are there any other reimbursements that  
3           were either received or billed, but not received,  
4           that aren't depicted on this chart in the  
5           June 8th filing?

6   A       (Goulding) No.

7   Q       Okay.  I have one final topic that I wanted to go  
8           to, and that's the topic of "regulatory  
9           assessments".  And I want to go to Bates  
10          Pages 077, 078, and 079 to ask about that.

11                 And the regulatory assessment costs get  
12          depicted in Column (m).  And I see, on Bates Page  
13          077 and 078, there are numbers in all the months,  
14          and then starting May, I think, or June of 2022,  
15          and carrying through 2023, those numbers go to  
16          "zero".

17                 So, could someone explain why there's  
18          "zero", I guess, forecasted for regulatory  
19          assessment?

20   A       (McNamara) Yes.  On Bates Page 078, I think I  
21          have the right line, I can't really tell if it's  
22          April or May, based on the way I'm reading this,  
23          but there is an amount of a credit of \$123,000.  
24          Do you see that amount?

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Yes.

2 A (McNamara) That is a true-up, as the result of  
3 the Company's base rate case in 21-030, because  
4 of a change of the amount that will be going to  
5 base rates associated with the New Hampshire PUC  
6 assessment back to June, I think it's June 1,  
7 2021.

8 And then, going forward, beginning in  
9 June 2022, you see "zero" through the rest of the  
10 period, through June 2020 -- July 2023, because  
11 the Company has not yet received the new  
12 Commission assessment. And, therefore, the way  
13 the assessment currently works is a certain  
14 amount goes to base rates, and then \$10,000 is  
15 carved out to go -- to be recovered through  
16 Default Service.

17 And then, any remaining amount, whether  
18 it be an over-collection or an under-collection,  
19 compared to what is actually billed, versus what  
20 is recovered through base rates and what is  
21 recovered through Default Service, like the  
22 \$10,000, would go through the EDC.

23 So, currently, the Company is using the  
24 most recent bill. Therefore, the forecast is

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 zero.

2 MR. DEXTER: Okay. Thank you. That's  
3 all the questions that I have.

4 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.  
5 We'll move to Commissioner questions, beginning  
6 with Commissioner Chattopadhyay.

7 CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Good afternoon.

8 BY CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY:

9 Q Let's go to Bates Page 209. So, the question has  
10 been prompted by the discussion that the  
11 witnesses were having with the DOE. So, I'm just  
12 trying to make sure I have it right.

13 As far as Line -- just bear with me, I  
14 need to reduce the size here to be able to see  
15 everything. So, Line 10, did I hear it right,  
16 are you saying that the number, for example,  
17 under Column (2), "\$7,511,873", that's based on  
18 what you're allowed to recover or is that a  
19 number that you actually recovered?

20 A (Nawazelski) So, just confirming, you're speaking  
21 to Line 6, the "\$7,002,664"?

22 Q No. The Number 10.

23 A (Nawazelski) So, Line Number 10 represents the  
24 amount of recovery of property tax expense --

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Q Yes.

2 A (Nawazelski) -- that's included in the Company's  
3 base distribution rates over the course of  
4 calendar year 2021.

5 Q So, it's almost like coded, there's a number that  
6 you're allowed to recover through the base rates,  
7 that's the number?

8 A (Nawazelski) Correct.

9 Q And my -- but you could have received, depending  
10 on what the sales is, that you could have  
11 received more, right, or less?

12 A (Nawazelski) Correct.

13 Q Okay. Do you know what you received? Is there a  
14 way for you to figure out what the Company ended  
15 up receiving?

16 And that really ties to also another  
17 question that I have. Are you able to  
18 specifically look at your charges and determine  
19 "okay, this is what we received for the property  
20 tax, you know, item"?

21 A (Nawazelski) I don't think it would be an easy  
22 exercise. I almost think you would have to go  
23 back to your last base distribution rate case,  
24 and only include that level of recovery for that

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 given expense item, and then go through the rate  
2 design process, which, in turn, would get you a  
3 rate, and then multiply that by the usage in the  
4 calendar year.

5 I've never done something like that  
6 before. So, theoretically, I think it's  
7 possible, but I think it would be a bit of an  
8 exercise to do.

9 Q Okay. Another question. Let's go to Bates  
10 Page 034. And bear with me, I'll go there as  
11 well.

12 So, this is, again, a clarifying  
13 question for my benefit. So, at the end of that  
14 page, you have these several items listed. And  
15 the one that we were talking about was a  
16 "Property tax reconciliation", we were also  
17 talking about, I think, briefly maybe, the "SRAF  
18 balance". So, those two items are not part of  
19 the EDC as it appears in, I think, Bates  
20 Page 074 [076?], right?

21 A (McNamara) Correct.

22 Q But it's part of the EDC as has been proposed  
23 here?

24 A (McNamara) Correct, as part of the

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 reconciliation.

2 Q For the determination of the charge?

3 A (McNamara) Correct.

4 Q Was that -- is that a routine process or had the  
5 Commission approved that previously? And assume  
6 I'm -- you know, I don't recall, because I've  
7 been here only since December. So, can you give  
8 me a little bit more on that?

9 A (McNamara) Sure. The cost line items that you  
10 reference, and, again, I'm not sure of the page  
11 reference, but I think we're going with  
12 "Page 74", --

13 Q I think it's Bates Page 074.

14 A (McNamara) The long list of line items. Those  
15 are normal External Delivery Charge type cost  
16 items. The Company has limited reconciliation  
17 mechanisms for which to use to return over- or  
18 under-collections or include other costs that  
19 perhaps have occurred elsewhere, in order to  
20 return them to customers or include them for  
21 recovery from customers. Really, at this point,  
22 the Company, for all customers, really only has  
23 two places, base rates or in the External  
24 Delivery Charge. There's the Stranded Cost

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 Charge as well, but that's more or less going  
2 away.

3 So, when items like this, the Storm  
4 Reconciliation Adjustment Factor balance, the  
5 property tax balance, which actually is included  
6 in the Company's tariff with a line item  
7 mentioning that that could be included in there,  
8 as well as the four items from the rate case,  
9 that's why those are not presented on Page 74,  
10 because they're included here, just as a --

11 Q I will correct myself, it's "Bates Page 076".  
12 Okay.

13 A (McNamara) Okay. Thank you.

14 Q And, so, you're really talking about that page.  
15 And I'm not -- I've skimmed through all of the  
16 items there. But can you confirm that the last  
17 line, the "COVID-19 related costs", those are  
18 also part of the EDC?

19 A (McNamara) They were part of the Company's base  
20 rate case, as earlier mentioned and referenced in  
21 Section 11 of the Settlement, "Miscellaneous"  
22 items. There were a few sections that dealt with  
23 some line items. One of which was the "COVID  
24 related waiver of the late payments", and that



[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1 amount was taken directly out of the Settlement.

2 Q So, that doesn't show up in Bates Page 076?

3 A (McNamara) Correct. None of these line times  
4 shown in the footnote are shown on Page 076.

5 Q Just wanted to make sure now. Can the Company  
6 confirm that the -- and, you know, I'm not  
7 looking at the -- I'm looking at Bates Page 076,  
8 the "Displaced Distribution Revenue" that relates  
9 to net metering, and, you know, that is also part  
10 of the EDC?

11 A (McNamara) Yes.

12 Q And it's coded as part of the EDC, again, on  
13 Bates Page 076?

14 A (McNamara) Yes, it is.

15 CMSR. CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay. I just  
16 wanted to make sure.

17 Okay. I think that's all I have.

18 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I just have one  
19 clarifying question.

20 BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:

21 Q Exhibit 1, Bates 036, there's just a simple chart  
22 that shows "Billed" and "Unbilled". And I guess  
23 it's a conceptual question. And I'm not sure I  
24 understand the concept of "unbilled hours".

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           What's happening in this chart? Why aren't all  
2           your hours billed?

3   A       (McNamara) This is in order to get to amount of  
4           consumption that was used in a current month, but  
5           not yet billed for that month. Because customers  
6           are read throughout the month, so, on average,  
7           you know, obviously, you can see it's based on  
8           these percentages, it's approximately 50 percent.  
9           Right? So, on average, most customers are billed  
10          somewhere around the middle of the month, with  
11          some customers being read on the 1st, 2nd of the  
12          month, some customers being read on the 28th,  
13          29th of the month.

14                        So, the amount that is shown on  
15          Page 36, in this center column, the "Estimate of  
16          Unbilled Kilowatt-hours", that amount is used to  
17          approximate the amount of usage related to the  
18          current month, but not yet billed.

19   Q       I see.

20   A       (McNamara) It will be billed the following month.

21                        CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Very good. Thank  
22          you. I knew I was missing something simple.

23                        Okay. Very good. That was -- that's  
24          really all I have.

[PANEL: Hurstak|McNamara|Glover|Goulding|Nawazelski]

1           Is there any redirect for your witness,  
2           Attorney Taylor, witnesses?

3           MR. TAYLOR: If you can just give me a  
4           moment and I'm just going to go over my notes.

5           CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Sure.

6           *(Atty. Taylor conferring with Witness*  
7           *Goulding.)*

8           MR. TAYLOR: Commissioners, could we  
9           take perhaps a five-minute recess, just so I can  
10          confer with my witness? And the stenographer may  
11          want the break anyway. He's been going for an  
12          hour and a half.

13          CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Very good. Let's  
14          just under commit and over perform, and return at  
15          3:15.

16          MR. TAYLOR: Great. Thank you.

17          CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: All right.

18          *(Recess taken 3:04 p.m., and the*  
19          *hearing resumed at 3:18 p.m.)*

20          CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: All right.

21          Returning to Mr. Taylor, Attorney Taylor.

22          MR. TAYLOR: Well, I don't know if this  
23          is good news or bad news, after sending you away  
24          for fifteen minutes, but we actually have no

1           redirect.

2                         CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:  No comment.

3                         Okay.  So, without objection, we'll  
4           strike ID on Exhibits 1 and 2, and admit them as  
5           full exhibits.

6                         And we'll move to closing arguments,  
7           beginning with the New Hampshire Department of  
8           Energy, and Attorney Dexter.

9                         MR. DEXTER:  Thank you, Mr. Chairman  
10          and Commissioners.

11                        We, at the Department of Energy, are  
12          generally supportive of the Company's filing in  
13          this Stranded Cost and EDC docket.  And we  
14          recognize that the EDC, as the witnesses said,  
15          can be a convenient place to put reconciling  
16          items that are decided in other cases and need to  
17          be collected dollar-for-dollar, and we appreciate  
18          the Company's explanation of what items ended up  
19          in the horizontal schedule at Bates Page 077,  
20          versus the footnote on Bates Page 034.  But we  
21          believe we were able to follow all that, and  
22          we're generally supportive.

23                        We do have two recommended changes to  
24          what's been presented by the Company, both of

1           which we talked about during cross-examination.

2                     One, we have reviewed the rate case  
3           Settlement and the rate case Order regarding the  
4           lead/lag study results. And it would be our  
5           recommendation that the Company apply those  
6           results on the effective date of the rate order,  
7           which is June 1st, 2022, as opposed to  
8           August 1st, 2022, which is what the Company has  
9           done in its filing here.

10                    We had a long discussion at the EDC  
11           docket last summer about this issue, and the  
12           Company's use of a formula for calculating  
13           working capital, as opposed to a lead/lag study.  
14           And the Company's position at that time was that  
15           the use of the formula had been decided in a rate  
16           case back in 2010, and had not been an issue in  
17           any of the subsequent rate cases, and that it  
18           would be inappropriate, in an EDC case, to change  
19           that formula that was established in a rate case  
20           settlement back in 2020 -- back in 2010.

21                    We ultimately did not press the issue  
22           in the EDC last year, and agreed that we would  
23           look at the issue of working capital on  
24           transmission costs and non-transmission --

1 non-transmission related costs in the rate case,  
2 which we did. And we included in the Settlement  
3 a clause that the results of the lead/lag study  
4 be applied to these transmission costs, which are  
5 substantial an amount, and that's why the impact  
6 of the lead/lag study is particularly important  
7 when applied to transmission costs.

8 We believe that, because the issue was  
9 deferred from the EDC last year into the rate  
10 case, the rate case was finished on June 1st,  
11 2022, that the results should be applied  
12 effective June 1st, 2022. The reference to  
13 "August 1st, 2022" in the rate case Settlement,  
14 in our mind, clearly refers to the date that the  
15 EDC would be next recalculated, not that the  
16 results would be held up until that date.

17 The witness testified that there's no  
18 new information that came to light between  
19 June 1st and August 1st that would have affected  
20 the study. The study was based on information  
21 that related to the calendar year 2021. So, we  
22 don't see any reason why the results shouldn't be  
23 applied coincident with the effective date of the  
24 base rate case, which is June 1st. So, that's

1           our first recommendation.

2                   Our second recommendation has to do  
3 with the Company's request to move to not refund  
4 unspent vegetation management funds in the EDC,  
5 as the tariff provides, with the exceptions that  
6 the Company noted. The Company has requested to  
7 make use of that exception, which says, if there  
8 are under-spends or under-recoveries --  
9 over-recoveries, I'm sorry, that they have the  
10 option to ask the Commission for permission not  
11 to send them back through the EDC.

12                   We don't have a lot of information  
13 about the state of the veg. management in this  
14 docket. The Commission did open DE 21-139. And,  
15 as the witnesses and the attorney for Unitil  
16 indicated, there hasn't been any real action in  
17 that case. There hasn't been any substantive  
18 examination of the Company's VMP plans.

19                   We do have statements today from  
20 Mr. Goulding that they're on track to spend the  
21 money. But, other than that, there's really  
22 nothing in this record detailing information on  
23 VMP, you know, beyond that.

24                   The impact of passing the \$521,000 in

1 unspent VMP funds would be to reduce the proposed  
2 EDC. We believe that that would be an  
3 appropriate thing to do in times of very high  
4 energy rates, and to the extent that this money  
5 came from collections over the last year, our  
6 position would be that it's appropriate to pass  
7 that money back to customers this year. And, if  
8 it turns out, when 2022 is finished, and all the  
9 cycle trim work has been caught up, and there is  
10 an under-collection, that can be handled in the  
11 appropriate timeframe, which would be next year.

12 So, with those two suggested changes,  
13 we recommend approval of the Stranded Cost Charge  
14 and the EDC Cost Charge, as filed.

15 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Just a point of  
16 clarification, Attorney Dexter, before we move to  
17 the Company's closing.

18 Are you -- I think you're suggesting  
19 that the Company make these adjustments prior to  
20 the August 1st, 2022 adjustment?

21 MR. DEXTER: Yes.

22 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. So, thank  
23 you.

24 Mr. Taylor.



1 MR. TAYLOR: Thank you. Well, we  
2 appreciate the Commission's time today, as well  
3 as the time spent by the Department of Energy  
4 here today walking through the filing, and  
5 sitting down with us last week in a technical  
6 session.

7 Given that the Department is  
8 generally -- generally recommends approval of the  
9 filing, with the two exceptions, I will address  
10 the filing generally, and we'll just point the  
11 Commission to our Petition and the requests made  
12 in the Petition, and ask that the Commission  
13 grant -- grant the Company's filing, as it's  
14 consistent with the Company's tariff.

15 With respect to the lead/lag study, the  
16 Department has taken exception with the Company  
17 using an August 1, 2022 to August 2023 timeframe.  
18 As explained by the Company, the Company believes  
19 that it is actually quite clear in the  
20 Settlement, which was approved by the Commission,  
21 that the working capital requirement for costs  
22 included in the External Delivery Charge would,  
23 in fact, correspond with the August 1, 2022  
24 timeframe. I think that the Settlement Agreement

1 can clearly be read that way.

2 The notion that June 1 should be used,  
3 it's been presented as something that's quite  
4 sensible, but, in reality, June 1 was the  
5 effective date for base rates, not for the EDC  
6 charge, which already exists on an  
7 August-to-August schedule. And, so, the  
8 Settlement, with respect to working capital  
9 requirements in connection with the EDC, is not  
10 tied to June 1, 2022.

11 And, in fact, should it require it to  
12 be June 1, 2022, it would be entirely arbitrary.  
13 There's no reason, there's nothing in the record  
14 to suggest why the Commission should do that.  
15 There's nothing in the Settlement suggesting that  
16 the Commission should do that. Whereas, the  
17 plain language of the Settlement suggests that  
18 the way the Company has done it is correct, and  
19 the Commission should not adopt any change as  
20 recommended by the Department of Energy in that  
21 regard.

22 With respect to the REP/VMP, you know,  
23 it's true that there are -- there are two  
24 dockets. The Company made its first -- made its

1 first filing in that docket, 21-139, and,  
2 obviously, it's a 2021 docket, back in  
3 November of 2021. And, in the report filed in  
4 that case, the Company explains that it would be  
5 carrying forward the \$532,000 of work that it  
6 couldn't complete in the last year. It then made  
7 two subsequent filings in 2022 in that docket,  
8 explaining that the Company intended to apply an  
9 over-collection to those monies, and so that  
10 information has been out there for a long period  
11 of time.

12 It's true that it was not discussed at  
13 length in the testimony presented in this case.  
14 But the Company has, I think, appropriately made  
15 the request. I think the Company's testimony can  
16 be fairly read to make that request in this case.  
17 I think, as a matter of efficiency, it makes  
18 quite a bit of sense, practical sense, to apply  
19 the \$531,000 and change in an over-collection to  
20 the approximately \$532,000 of work that has been  
21 carried over to this year, which we know is going  
22 to done, as Mr. Goulding testified earlier today.

23 So, to pass the money back, and then to  
24 simply request it back again from customers, I do

1 understand the appeal of the Department's  
2 argument that these are times of high energy  
3 prices, however, I think to return the money to  
4 customers, and then request it back again in the  
5 subsequent year, really does customers no favor.

6 I think that the Department's -- the  
7 Company's tariff is designed to allow for this  
8 very thing. To say "You have some  
9 over-collection, you have carry-forward work.  
10 So, as a matter of efficiency, these funds should  
11 be applied to the work that you're doing in this  
12 year." That's what we're requesting here. I  
13 think it's a very sensible request. And we would  
14 ask the Commission to grant it.

15 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: When is the next  
16 adjustment planned? When would the next hearing  
17 be on this topic?

18 MR. TAYLOR: For the External Delivery  
19 Charge?

20 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes.

21 MR. TAYLOR: Would be a year from now.

22 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: All right. Okay.  
23 Okay. Thank you.

24 If you can give us just a moment to

1 confer, before we adjourn, that would be very  
2 helpful. Just a moment please.

3 *[Chairman Goldner, Commissioner*  
4 *Chattopadhyay, and Attorney Speidel*  
5 *conferring.]*

6 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Like  
7 Mr. Taylor, we have conferred, and we have  
8 nothing to add.

9 *[Laughter.]*

10 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: So, we have a trend  
11 developing today.

12 Okay. Is there anything else that we  
13 need to cover today?

14 *[No verbal response.]*

15 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Seeing none,  
16 we'll take the matter under advisement, and issue  
17 an order. We recognize that this is an  
18 August 1st implementation. So, the order is  
19 needed quickly.

20 And I would just like to take a moment  
21 to thank the very high-quality witnesses today  
22 that Unitil has provided. So, I'd like to thank  
23 everyone for coming today.

24 And we'll issue an order. We are

1           adjourned. Thank you.

2                           ***(Whereupon the hearing was adjourned***  
3                           ***at 3:31 p.m.)***

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24