1	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE		
2	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION		
3	May 25, 2005 - 10:12 a.m.		
4	Concord, New Hampshire		
5			
6	RE: DT 05-083 VERIZON NEW HAMPSHIRE:		
7	Wire Center Investigation. (Prehearing conference)		
8			
9	PRESENT: Chairman Thomas B. Getz, Presiding Commissioner Graham J. Morrison Commissioner Michael D. Harrington		
10	Commissioner Michael D. Harrington		
11	Jody Carmody, Clerk		
12			
13	APPEARANCES: Reptg. Verizon New Hampshire: Victor D. Del Vecchio, Esq.		
14			
15	Reptg. BayRing Communications: Douglas L. Patch, Esq.		
16	Reptg. Conversent Communications of N.H.:		
17	Gregory M. Kennan, Esq.		
18	Reptg. Great Works Internet: Frederick S. Samp, Esq.		
19	Office of Consumer Advocate		
20	Reptg. segTEL: Jeremy I. Katz, Esq.		
21	Reptg. CTC Comm. & Lightship Telecom:		
22	David Berndt, Esq.		
23			
24	Court Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, CCR		
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2	APPEARANCES:	(continued)
3		Reptg. N.H. ISP Association: John Leslie
4		Reptg. Destek:
5		Brian Susnock
6		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: F. Anne Ross, Esq.
7		Reptg. the NHPUC Staff:
8		Lynn Fabrizio, Esq.
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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning. We'll open the prehearing conference in docket DT 05-083 concerning Verizon New Hampshire. An order of notice was issued on April 22nd, opening this investigation pursuant to RSA 365:5, in connection with certain provisions of Tariff Number NHPUC 84, with respect to provisions filed by Verizon on February 22nd, in docket DT 05-034. The order of notice indicates that the Commission will investigate issues related to Verizon's obligation with respect to certain unbundled network elements at some of its wire centers, but not others. The purpose of the investigation is to determine which wire centers in New Hampshire are affected and what procedures the Commission should adopt for future determinations with respect to affected wire centers.

I'll note for the record that an affidavit of publication was filed on May 16 with the Commission. And, at this point, if we can take appearances please.

MR. DEL VECCHIO: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, Commissioner Morrison, Commissioner Harrington. Victor Del Vecchio, representing Verizon. And, with me this morning is Lisa Thorne, Robert Meehan, and Lynelle

1	Reney.
2	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
3	CMSR. HARRINGTON: Good morning.
4	CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning.
5	MR. PATCH: Good morning, Mr. Chairman,
6	members of the Commission. My name is Doug Patch, with
7	the law firm of Orr & Reno. I am here this morning
8	appearing on behalf of BayRing Communications. And, with
9	me this morning is Steve Wengert, who is the Director of
10	Operations at BayRing.
11	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
12	MR. KENNAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman,
13	Commissioners. Gregory Kennan, for Conversent
14	Communications of New Hampshire.
15	MR. SAMP: Good morning. My name is
16	Eric Samp, representing Great Works Internet.
17	CMSR. HARRINGTON: Good morning.
18	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
19	MR. KATZ: Good morning. My name is
20	Jeremy Katz, representing segTEL.
21	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
22	MR. BERNDT: Good morning. David
23	Berndt, representing CTC and Lightship.
24	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.

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MR. LESLIE: I'm John Leslie for the New
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       Hampshire ISP Association.
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                         Good morning.
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                         MR. SUSNOCK:
                                       Good morning. Brian
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 5
       Susnock, representing Destek.
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                         Good morning.
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                         MS. ROSS: Good morning, Commissioners.
 7
       Anne Ross, with the Office of Consumer Advocate.
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       with me today is Ken Traum.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
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                         MS. FABRIZIO: Good morning.
                                                       I'm Lynn
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       Fabrizio, Staff Attorney here at the Commission.
       with me today are Kath Mulholland, Utility Analyst for the
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       Commission's Telecom, and Kate Bailey, Director of the
       Telecom Division for the Commission.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
                                                        I believe
       we have motions to intervene by most, but not everyone
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       that is here today. Is everyone who's made an appearance
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       intending to move to intervene?
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                         MR. LESLIE: It's the intent of the ISP
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       Association --
                                     Phil Macres --
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                         MR. MACRES:
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                         I'm sorry, --
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                         MR. MACRES:
                                      -- of Swidler Berlin, and
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       representing Covad Communications, along with CTC, CTC and
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      Lightship.
                                         I'm sorry, could we --
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                     Yes, and we also have
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                         MR. MACRES:
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       Richard Fippen of MCI, and Laura Gallo will be --
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                         Gentlemen, hold up.
       Normally, we're advised in advance, maybe I should have
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       noticed the phone. Who's -- because the court reporter is
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 9
       having a tough time picking this up. Ms. Fabrizio, can
       you just record for the record who's on the phone, counsel
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11
       and which parties?
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                         MS. FABRIZIO:
                                       Mr. Chairman, we have
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       Phil Macres, from Swidler Berlin, on the phone, and it's
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       our understanding that he --
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                         MR. MACRES:
                                      I'm sorry, Chairman.
                                                             This
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       is Phil Macres, with Swidler Berlin. We're having a --
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       I'm having a difficult time hearing you on my end.
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       Apparently, the microphone on your end, I mean, it's
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       coming through on my end a little bit distorted. But I am
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       Phil Macres. I'm from the law firm of Swidler Berlin, and
       represent Covad Communications, CTC and Lightship.
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                         MS. FABRIZIO:
                                        It was our understanding
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       that Mr. Macres will be listening, but not participating,
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       as an intervene in this proceeding, on the phone.
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CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. All right.
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                                                             Thank
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       you.
             Mr. Del Vecchio.
                         MR. DEL VECCHIO: The other person who
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       announced is Richard Fippen, from MCI, Mr. Chairman.
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       Laura Gallo he said will be joining him shortly.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, let me get back to
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       Mr. Susnock and Mr. Leslie.
                         MR. SUSNOCK:
                                        I was just informed of
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       this docket two days ago and I haven't had time to
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       formally intervene. If it is possible, I'd like to.
                                                              Ιf
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       not, then I'd like to just sit in.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, I guess, at this
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       point I will take it as an oral intervention on behalf of
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       Destek. And, Mr. Leslie, an oral motion to intervene on
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       behalf of yourself or the --
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                         MR. LESLIE:
                                       NHTSPA.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                          Okay.
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                         MR. LESLIE:
                                       Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                          The NHISPA.
                                                      Okay.
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       there any objections to any of the motions to intervene?
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                          (No verbal response)
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                          I'll record for the
23
       record there are no objections to the motions to
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       intervene.
                   So, at this point then, let's start with
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statements of positions of the parties. Mr. Del Vecchio.

MR. DEL VECCHIO: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. The Commission opened this proceeding to determine which wire centers in New Hampshire meet the Federal Communications Commission's criteria for determining non-impairment for high-capacity loops and dedicated transport, pursuant to the TRRO, the Triennial Review Remand Order. In that order, as the Commission is aware, the FCC provided a formula and method for how to determine which wire centers qualify. I believe, as the Commission is aware, the criteria are set forth in the TRRO, and I think it might be helpful just to identify what they are briefly.

With respect to DS1 loops at any building served by a wire center with at least 60,000 business lines and four fiber-based collocators, CLECs are not impaired without access in that circumstance. Once a wire center exceeds both of these thresholds, no future DS1 loop unbundling will be required in that wire center, according to the FCC's rules.

Secondly, with respect to DS3 loops at any building location served by a wire center with at least 38,000 business lines and four fiber-based collocators, no impairment exists. Again, once a wire

center exceeds both of these thresholds, no future DS3 loop unbundling will be required in that wire center per the FCC's rules.

Third, with respect to DS1 transport now, as opposed to loops, the DS1 transport between what are called "Tier 1", according to the FCC, wire centers that contain at least four fiber-based collocators or, now we have a disjunctive with respect to transport, or at least 38,000 business lines, no impairment exists. Tier 1 wire centers also include tandem switching locations per the FCC's rules. Again, once a wire center is determined to be a Tier 1 wire center, that wire center is not subject to a later reclassification as a Tier 2 or Tier 3, and "Tier 3" means impairment still exists, wire center, again, according to the FCC's rules.

And, finally, with respect to the criteria, with respect to DS3 and dark fiber transport, again, still in the "transport" category, between Tier 2 wire centers, as described by the FCC, that contain at least three fiber-based collocators or at least 24,000 business lines. Again, once a wire center is determined to be a Tier 2, that wire center is not subject to later reclassification as a Tier 3, per the FCC's rules.

Based on these criteria, Verizon filed a

public list with the FCC identifying in New Hampshire the central offices that satisfy the TRRO's non-impairment criteria for high-capacity loops and dedicated transport. And, that list those shows that no New Hampshire wire centers qualify for relief from DS1 loop unbundling, and only one wire center, Manchester, qualifies for DS3 loop unbundling relief, under the FCC's non-impairment criteria. As of March 11, 2005, which is the date that this Commission is aware that the FCC prescribed that these changes were to take effect, transport routes between four wire centers qualify for relief from DS1, DS3 and dark fiber transport unbundling as a Tier 1 wire center. And, those are Keene, Manchester, Nashua and Portsmouth. And, one additional wire center, Dover, meets the criteria for relief from DS3 and dark fiber transport unbundling, but not DS1 transport, that makes it a Tier 2 wire center.

Therefore, as a practical matter, unbundling -- unbundled access to high-capacity loops and transport will remain available in New Hampshire now in most cases where they're available today. If and when additional offices qualify for relief, Verizon will notify the CLECs and the Commission promptly.

In applying the FCC's criteria,

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Commissioners, I would also note that the Company undertook a visual inspection of its central offices, the relevant central offices in particular, to identify that the COs met these criteria. They did so in 2003, and then they updated this review in the beginning of 2005, to visually inspect and determine that fiber collocators were present as we've represented.

And, next, Commissioners, with respect to the issue of what kinds of proceedings in the future might be appropriate, I would submit that the Commission need not conduct a proceeding to determine which wire centers presently satisfy the FCC's non-impairment criteria. And, the reason for that simply is that the Commission can leave disputes over whether particular central offices qualify for unbundling, if there are any such disputes, to a dispute resolution mechanism, which this Commission has approved in the tariff, that is NHPUC Number 84, Part A, Section 1.12.1, or in a CLEC Interconnection Agreement. Indeed, that's the procedure that the FCC prescribes.

Specifically, the FCC established a process by which CLECs may order and obtain access to UNE loops and transport consistent with these new unbundling rules. Paragraph 234 of the TRRO requires a requesting

carrier to undertake a reasonably diligent inquiry before ordering a UNE loop or transport, and then based on that inquiry to self-certify that the order is consistent with the TRRO's requirements. Moreover, because Verizon must immediately process a CLEC-certified order for such an element, the existence of a dispute between Verizon and the requesting carrier over the availability of the element on an unbundled basis will not prevent the CLEC from obtaining the facility at existing, i.e., pre-TRRO surcharge, TELRIC rates in the first instance. Thus, the CLECs will suffer no harm in the absence of tariff language specifically listing the wire centers that satisfy the various criteria for unbundling of loops and transport.

If specific disputes do arise in the future, they can be resolved under the dispute resolution procedures that I've identified, both by way of the tariff or by way of an Interconnection Agreement. And, such an approach, which only could be initiated after the network element was provisioned, woods be more efficient than forcing litigation at this point before any dispute arises. Moreover, the case-by-case dispute resolution process set forth in Paragraph 234 of the TRRO is sufficiently flexible to account for changes in facts

affecting central offices, such as new collocation arrangements.

That said, however, Verizon will cooperate in good faith with this investigation if this is how the Commission wishes to proceed at this time. But we are simply providing to you a road map for how these matters might be addressed in the future, to the extent that additional central offices qualify.

And, finally, as for the potential application of Section 271 to these delisted UNEs, Verizon respectfully disagrees with the Commission's principle adopted in docket 03-201, I think the Commission is aware of that, and that issue is presently under review in the Federal District Court for the District of New Hampshire, and this piece of the Commission's decision with respect to this order of notice has also been incorporated in that proceeding by virtue of our amended complaint. That's pretty much all I would say on that matter, Mr. Chairman. I think that that forum will determine whether the Commission is correct or Verizon is correct.

That all said, though, we look forward to expeditiously resolving this investigation, because we believe that it's fairly easy to determine whether or not there are fiber-based collocators in central offices.

And, the business lines are ARMIS FCC filed data. So, that also can be fairly easily determined. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. Mr. Patch.

MR. PATCH: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

BayRing Communications is, as I'm sure the Commission knows, a competitive local exchange carrier in New Hampshire, and has been since 1996, and serves customers with state-of-the-art voice and data services throughout the Seacoast and in other areas of the state. The services that are specifically mentioned in the Commission's order of notice are ones that are important to BayRing. And, so, BayRing is very interested in the outcome of the determinations that the Commission makes in this docket.

We're happy to note that the Commission reserved the right in the order notice, on Page two, to determine whether Verizon remains obliged to provision the affected UNEs at any New Hampshire wire centers by virtue of their status as an RBOC. It has obtained authority under Section 271 of the Telecom Act. We, obviously, agree with the Commission's order in 24 -- Order Number 24,442, issued back in March, in docket DT 03-201, and think that's an

important issue for the Commission to address in the context of this proceeding. And, I guess that's sort of basically our position in this proceeding.

MR. KENNAN:

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. Mr. Kennan.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Please excuse my scratchy throat. Most people consider it a blessing when I can't talk, and I'll have to ask you to bear with me today. Mr. Chairman, Commissioners, we commend the Commission for opening this investigation, and

we believe that it is appropriate and important for the
Commission to look closely at the classifications that

12 Verizon has offered as to the particular wire centers that

may qualify for unbundling relief under the different

criteria for the different UNEs that Mr. Del Vecchio

15 described.

We think that it is more efficient and a better use of everyone's time to look at this issue now and resolve it comprehensively at this stage of the proceeding, rather than waiting for piecemeal dispute resolution disputes to rise to the Commission. We think that just makes more sense to get it all done now. And, it's important to get it right at this stage. Because, as Mr. Del Vecchio correctly suggested, once a wire center is on the non-impaired list, that is, you know, once it is

granted relief from certain of the unbundling requirements, you can't get it off that list. So, we think it's important that we look at this question now, be sure we get it right. And, getting it right means making sure that Verizon, in its clarifications, has correctly applied the various criteria that the FCC has set forth.

In particular, there are a few issues that we believe that the Commission should look at closely. One is to ensure the accuracy of the fiber-based collocator count. A fiber-based collocator has to meet certain criteria. There has to be, for example, there has to be active electrical power, the fiber transport has to be provided by someone other than Verizon, other than the ILEC, and this transport has to terminate at a collocation agreement owned by a non-affiliated carrier, a carrier not affiliated with the ILEC, and leave the wire center. So, it's not clear that a visual inspection of these collocation arrangements is sufficient to ensure that these criteria are satisfied.

We believe that MCI should not be counted as a fiber-based collocator in any of these wire centers. To be a "fiber-based collocator", a company has to be not affiliated with the ILEC. And, as we all know, MCI is on the road to being merged with Verizon. Again,

if MCI is counted now, and a wire center gets removed from the list of wire centers that has to be or that gets — that has to unbundle, in other words, if it's put on the non-impaired classification, it never comes off. So, to us it doesn't make sense to count MCI now, have that possibly push a wire center off of the unbundling list or have it no longer required to unbundle something, and then, in a few months, when the merger is approved, presumably, where do we stand?

Similarly, all affiliates of SBC and AT&T in a given wire center should count as only one fiber-based collocator. I don't know if those criteria are met anywhere here in New Hampshire, but SBC and AT&T have a number of affiliates. Under the rules, an affiliate -- all affiliates are counted as one fiber-based collocator, for the same reason, given the progress of that merger, we think that, if there are affiliates of any -- of either SBC or AT&T, they all should be counted collectively as no more than one fiber-based collocator.

Similarly, with respect to the business line count, the FCC has set forth more detailed criteria. They have to be business lines. They have to be all for switched services. In other words, special access cannot count toward the business line count. And, we also have

to make sure that high-capacity facilities are actually being used as loops and not transport or entrance facilities. Business lines are switched access loops.

And, so, we have to be sure that, particularly in the case of high-capacity facilities, that they really are being used for those purposes.

You know, a difference of one fiber-based collocator or one high-capacity facility could be the make-or-break difference in whether a wire center is classified for relief or not. A DS3 counts as 672 business lines under the FCC criteria; 24 lines per DS1, 28 DS1s per DS3s. So, miscounting only one or two DS3s, miscounting only one fiber-based collocator, could make a difference between whether a wire center is on or off the list. So, it's important to get it right at this stage of the proceeding.

Verizon is uniquely in possession of this information. What we would like to see as we move forward is Verizon making a disclosure at the beginning of the proceeding. Something along the lines of what, you know, in federal court, might be a prehearing exchange or a Rule 16 initial disclosure. Let's put the information on the table and take a look at it. Rather than having to go through arguing about discovery and what Verizon might

have to provide or not. I think it probably makes sense just to get that information before the Commission. If there are confidentiality concerns, those can be dealt with, or the Staff can take the first look at it. But I think Verizon is uniquely in possession of that information and ought to be disclosing it so that people — so we can take a look at it. Thank you very much.

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chairman GETZ: Thank you. Let me just note, consistent with our practice and rule that allows the party that opens the stage of a proceeding to close the stage of that proceeding. And, that, Mr. Del Vecchio, you'll have a chance to respond. Mr. Samp.

MR. SAMP: We, too, are pleased that the Commission initiated this investigation, and we think it's the most efficient way to resolve potential disputes here. We understand that Verizon is claiming a total of five wire centers eligible for exemption one way or another in New Hampshire. And, we think, to resolve any factual disputes in this kind of proceeding, as opposed to trying to resolve them piecemeal as they arise, is the most efficient way to do it.

Likewise, we believe, as noted in the -- as a potential in the notice of investigation, that

Verizon will continue to have obligations under Section

271 with respect to all the services at issue in this proceeding. And, our position would be that, regardless of how the counts finally come out, that Verizon will continue to be obligated to provide access to all these services.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. Mr. Katz.

MR. KATZ: Without repeating several of the other comments, segTEL agrees with the comments of BayRing, Conversent, and Great Works. The only two things that I would add is that there is a substantial amount of harm in regulatory uncertainty that small providers can be subject to, for instance, back billing procedures in the TRO Remand, and we think that both Verizon and competitors could only benefit from having regulatory certainty of what Verizon is and is not required to provide, and what are or are not entitled to purchase under Section 251.

At the time of the TRO Remand, segTEL engaged in a visual inspection of our own in every single one of the COs that are listed here, because we are collocated not as a fiber-based collocator in these five COs. And, the data that we received from our visual inspection was substantially different than Verizon's. So, we also would like to have the opportunity to review Verizon's data at some point. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Berndt.

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Likewise, I would echo from MR. BERNDT: my associate competitive carriers. And, we are very pleased with the proceeding and the opportunity to hopefully get some open disclosure around the self-certification process that Verizon has engaged in in these efforts. The one thing I would add to point out, and I think supports the proceeding that we're engaged in here, that the incumbent LECs throughout the country listed their list of sites that should be classified as no longer being impaired. And, throughout many of these states, Verizon and SBC ended up having to send out corrections within a month, stating that "Oh, we made a mistake. This actually shouldn't have been on the list." So, I think that just supports the need to have disclosure and to have additional eyes looking at this information, so that we can make sure that these are sites that are taken off of the impairment list are truly not impaired anymore. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Leslie.

MR. LESLIE: The ISP Association is mainly concerned about the 271 issues here. And, I think other people have said enough about that already.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. Mr. Susnock.

MR. SUSNOCK: Thank you. We're -
Destek is keenly aware of the need for the availability of

UNEs throughout the state. And, we're here in support of

the CLECs in their efforts to maintain the competitive

environment.

to others.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Ms. Ross.

MS. ROSS: Yes. The Office of Consumer Advocate represents residential ratepayers. So, we do not have a direct interest in this docket, but we monitor wholesale dockets to attempt to ensure that the wholesale markets are working as intended. And, that's what we will be doing in this docket.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Ms. Fabrizio.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

The FCC's TRO Remand Order made clear that Verizon remains obliged to provision certain UNEs, namely DS1 loops, DS3 loops and dedicated high-capacity transport facilities, including dark fiber transport, to CLECs, pursuant to Section 251 of the Telecom Act of '96. This obligation to continue to provide certain UNEs applies to certain of Verizon's wire centers, as you now know, but may not apply

MS. FABRIZIO:

As noted earlier, Paragraph 234 of the Remand Order requires the CLECs to self-certify as to

which UNEs continue to be available to them. For those wire centers where CLECs are no longer entitled to UNEs, the Remand Order directs parties to negotiate any applicable changes through their interconnection agreements.

In New Hampshire, Verizon has a wholesale tariff that sets out the schedule of rates, charges, terms and conditions under which services are provided to customers, in lieu of individually negotiated interconnection agreements. The Commission must approve any changes to Verizon's tariff arising from the TRO Remand Order.

It is the opinion of Staff that, to effectively meet the filing and transparency requirements of RSA 378:1 and Puc Rule 402.51, Verizon's tariff must include clear identification of the wire centers whose rates may be affected by the TRO Remand Order.

Our goals in this investigation are to review Verizon's methodology for identifying wire centers that meet the threshold requirements set by the TRO Remand Order; to determine whether Verizon's list of wire centers complies with FCC rules; and to ensure that Verizon's tariff accurately identifies which rates apply in each wire center. It is also our goal to clarify what

procedure the Commission should adopt for future determinations with respect to affected wire centers.

And, finally, it is the opinion of Staff that, if the Commission determines that in certain wire centers Verizon is no longer required to provide certain unbundled network elements, then a case-by-case analysis needs to be conducted to determine if the elements are required to be unbundled pursuant to Section 271. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Before we give you an opportunity to reply, Mr. Del Vecchio, Commissioner Harrington has some remarks.

CMSR. HARRINGTON: Yes. And, just generally, I guess --

MR. MACRES: This is Phillip Macres.

Will I have an opportunity to speak or has everybody who's at the -- in the hearing room has spoken yet?

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Our practice is, in these proceedings and prehearing conferences, if a party wants to, who is not physically presence, wants to monitor, then we allow them that opportunity to monitor, and that we will not take a public statement on the record via telecommunications, unless there's been some prior motion and a ruling on that motion. So, the short answer

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2 MR. MACRES: Okay. Thank you. I just 3 wanted to ask.

CMSR. HARRINGTON: And, I quess my comment would be to all parties, that one way or the other, regardless of how this gets -- this issue gets resolved, whether we do it on a case-by-case basis, as approved by Verizon, or we set down a set of criteria that's established for how that determination will be made as to which wire centers apply, that criteria is going to have to be established. And, so, I'd like to have all the parties try to work together as much as possible to come up with the criteria that you can agree on. And, if there's ones that you don't agree on, you know, then the individual party then should be able to present why their criteria -- what it is and why it's correct. So that, eventually, the Commission's going to have to rule as to what is the appropriate criteria to use. So, I'd like to see, in the tech session, they work on that to the extent possible, on mutual agreement; where there isn't any, clearly state why your position you feel is correct.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Del Vecchio.

MR. DEL VECCHIO: Mr. Chairman, I would just briefly note just a couple of things. I think, as

the consensus, whether spoken or not, suggests, once we make a determination as to a wire center's qualification under these tiers with respect to transport and as to numbers and collocators with respect to loops, that determination applies thereafter. So, we recognize that it's of some importance. I would also note, however, that this, again, is not something that should surprise competitive providers, because Verizon has sought, as it does as a matter of practice with these wholesale customers, which is what they are, in addition to being competitors, gave them notice in March, I believe, early March, of the listing of the various central offices in New Hampshire and elsewhere, and the identification of which of the affected services were no longer impaired. And, in addition at that time, Verizon specifically stated for the competitive carriers that, and I'll read what we said, "Verizon is prepared to provide to you, under an appropriate nondisclosure agreement, the backup data that was used by Verizon to develop and update the list of wire If you have actual, verifiable data that you centers. believe demonstrates that any wire center identified on the list filed by Verizon should not be included on these lists or those lists, you are requested to provide such data to your Verizon account manager before March 11,

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2005."

It's not as if this is something we're seeking to sweep under the rug here. We said, "if you'd like to see the backup data we have, and you're willing to execute a -- because this does effect other competitive providers, identify who is doing what in central offices, and we're obligated to maintain that in a confidential fashion, we're willing to discuss that with you." And, I'm not sure how many of the competitive providers in this room actually have sought to avail themselves of that.

That said, we don't disagree, again, in this proceeding, to provide the backup data, I think as Commissioner Harrington is suggesting, so we get this resolved. This should not, in this particular hearing room, be a federal case. There are federal courts that are perhaps more suited for addressing the so-called "federal cases", and, ultimately, maybe the 271 issue may be resolved by that court with respect to that issue in this instance. But, with respect to verifying that these offices qualify, we have the criteria, the FCC has prescribed it. We simply seek to and I think need to establish that these central offices qualify. And, there may be some disagreement as to one point or another as to implementing that criteria, but shouldn't be something

that takes us months and months and months. We should get this resolved relatively easily, at least that's my naive first impression, having reviewed this now recently. And, that's what we hope to do. And, we will take the Commission up at its request and try to see if we can resolve this by way of discussion, as opposed to creating an unnecessarily controversial docket.

And, with respect to the 271 issue, we know the positions, the Commission's position, and the Commission understands our position. So, I think those two sides are unlikely to change in this particular instance. And, we'll have to wait for, at least not necessarily smarter than the Commissioners, but smarter than I, as to some form above us as to who's right. Thank you.

Vecchio's optimistic note on the wire center issue, if not the 271 issue, we will close the prehearing conference and let the parties move into a technical session, and we'll await a recommendation. Thank you very much.

(Prehearing conference ended at 10:47 a.m.)